THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LXVI No 11 – E J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1.50 per year in advance

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 8th, 1927.

Historical Society o

FOR SALE—Chevrolet Touring Car in first class condition. E. L. BEDORE. 25

FOR SALE—Barrels suitable for packing pork. Apply DOUGLAS & CO., Dundas street. 51

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Modern new home on Allen Ave. 4 rooms and bath, electric light, etc. Apply ARTHUR CLARK. 46

WANTED—Farm to rent, 75 to 100 acres. Possession by 1st of March, convenient to school. Appl to FLOYD WHITMARSH, Napanee, Ont. 10

FOR SALE—Two storey brick dwelling, modern conveniences, newly decorated, garage. Apply to U. M. WILSON, Solicitor, Napanee, Ontario. 27-tf

Surveying and Engineering

T. H. WIGGINS, O.L.S.

Ontario Land Surveyor.
Municipal Engineering.
Drainage Engineering.
Subdivisions, Plans, Etc.

NAPANEE, ONT.

John Street,
South of Paisley House.

Phone 385. Box 139.
15tf

DECORATING

Interior and Exterior Decorating, Paper Hanging and Graining.

FRED RUSSELL

'Phone 406. East Street.

INSURANCE

For Fire Insurance try
ALFRED McCUTCHEON,
Roblin.

A number of companies to choose from.

Office:
Residence, Roblin, Main Street.
27-tf

WANTED—Young girl for housework. May sleep at home if desired. Box No.622, Express.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A very commodious house and lot with all modern conveniences, situate in South Napanee. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 41

FOR SALE OR TO LET—In Adolphustown, 200 acres more or less. Possession December 1st. Privilege to plow after this harvest. Apply U. M. WILSON, Napanee. 37

ALWAYS a number of farms and houses in town for sale. Owners may also list property for sale at low terms. No sale, no charge. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 6-tf

FOR SALE—A Drag Saw in first class condition, can be attached to any engine or other motor power. Apply to Mrs. W. G. SCHELL, or to T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 8-d

FOR SALE—Southeast quarter of Lot Number Eight, the fourth concession of Richmond, owned by Percy Snyder. 50 acres. Known as Jas. Nelson Russell Farm. Apply to T. B. GERMAN, Napanee, Ont. 43

FOR SALE—One hundred acre farm, five miles from Picton on county road, close to church, school and cheese factory. Good buildings, good land, spring watered pasture, about six acres of timber, reasonable. Apply to IRVIN UNGER, Elmbrook, Ont. 45-tf

FOR SALE—100 acre farm, splendid soil, good district, well located, splendid view, at a sacrifice price, and if you are not require much money down. About 10 acres wood and timber. A real home. Call or write for particulars. T. H. WIGGINS, John Street, Office south of Paisley House, Napanee, Ont. 10-b

FARM FOR SALE—Seventy-two acres at Bloomfield, Prince Edward County, situated on Provincial Highway, one mile from three large spring factories, church, school and R. R. station. First class land in high state of cultivation and buildings all in never failing water supply, orchard. This farm is especially adapted for growing canning fruits, crops and dairying. If not sold by March 1st, would consider renting to responsible party for term of years. CLARENCE MALLORY, Bloomfield, Ont. 10-b

IN THE ESTATE OF WILLIAM J. NORMILE, DECEASED.

FOR SALE.

An up-to-date garage property, new brick building, with all necessary additions, everything in first-class condition, having been recently built, abundance of space for storage, repairing and display.

Apply to MRS. E. NORMILE, on the premises, or to T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 8-d

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of William Lincoln VanDeBogart, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims against the estate of William Lincoln VanDeBogart, late of the township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington, farmer, deceased, are required to deliver or send to the undersigned on or before the 14th day of February, A.D., 1927, full particulars of their claims duly verified.

And further take notice that after the said 14th day of February, A.D., 1927, the executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate and shall not be liable to any person of whose claims she shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the said estate.
9-c

DRYS ARE WARNED AGAINST ALLIANCE.

Toronto, Jan. 31.—"The demand is a specious one, but to comply with it would be deadly and disastrous," declared Sir George Foster at a crowded meeting held in Massey Hall yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the Canadian Prohibition Bureau, when dealing with this "special plea" made to temperance workers to forget party and support the policy and practice of Government control.

"Unless you think about it it seems almost to be a reasonable plea," he said, "but when you come to think about it, it would mean the death of all that we have held dear in the last century of temperance and prohibition work. It means that we all fall, we fall in behind the Government sale wagon, and lift no voice against it—if we make ourselves supporters and co-operators in it—that we belie all our principles to which we have held during the last 100 years, and that we deny also all the lessons of experience and of observation that we have gained during those hundred years. (Applause.)

"Some things we can do," he said. "Some things we cannot do. With every restrictive clause and action in the new system which tends to diminish the consumption of alcohol we will be in accord and we will stand at its back, but outside of that we are bound by the past and bound by our principles and convictions."

HOW TO MAKE MONEY FROM SHEEP

VALUABLE NEW BOOKLET ISSUED FREE BY BANK OF MONTREAL.

We have just received from the Bank of Montreal a copy of a booklet entitled "Sheep for Mutton, Wool and Money," which is being issued free distribution to all who are interested in the subject.

The Booklet is intended mainly for the farmer who wishes to keep a small flock of sheep as a profitable side line and for this purpose it constitutes a reliable and handy guide to the various breeds and types, and to the most approved methods of rearing them and making them pay.

Something like 150 photographs, with diagrams and descriptions covering every phase of the subject, are comprised within the 50 pages of the booklet. The introduction is written by the Dominion Animal Husbandman, Mr. G. E. Hodsworth, of the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa. He summarizes the essentials of profitable sheep keeping and points out, for instance, that at the present time there is possibly no more profitable line of livestock for one small farm, or as part of a mixed farm. The booklet was originally issued by the International Harvester Company for distribution in the United States. Recognizing its value, the Bank of Montreal secured the rights for Canada, and had a new edition revised and prepared by Canadian experts to make it suitable for Canadian conditions. Copies of this edition are available to all, whether customers of the Bank or not, upon application at the local branch of the Bank.

BATH.

Oscar Buck spent a few days last week with friends in Kingston.

The village lost another esteemed resident in the person of James Aylesworth, who passed away very suddenly on Wednesday morning. He had been in failing health for some time. The funeral was held on Friday morning at 11 o'clock from his late residence to St. John's Church. The Rev. W. G. Swayne officiated and interment was in St. John's cemetery. He is survived by his wife and one son, Dr. Frederick Aylesworth, of Toronto, who came home for the funeral; Mesdames Robinson and James Shibley are filling their respective ice houses.

Ivan Armstrong, of Napanee, spent a day last week in the village.

Chimneys, mantles and all supplies for Aladdin lamps, at Wallace's, Napanee Agents.

ODESSA.

The (twenty-five ladies who braved the cold last Wednesday afternoon for the Women's Missionary Auxiliary meeting, held at the home of Mrs. J. A. Mabee, felt well repaid for their efforts. The meeting was a splendid one, and a warm welcome is always given by the hostess. Several visitors from out of town dropped in at the tea hour for a pleasant chat over the tea cups.

Last Tuesday afternoon Mrs. W. S. Holmes gave a jolly party in honor of her little daughter, Alice's friends, it being her sixth birthday anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. Leo Brown, Ernestown; Miss Laura Crowe and Miss Doody, Cobourg, and Miss Bolden and Miss O'Neil, Toronto, spent Monday evening last the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Sproule and son, Fred.

Mr. Jack Collins, of Winnipeg, and brother, Alexander Collins, of Chicago, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Hamm and other friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Miller and family, of Millhaven, spent Sunday last with Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Aakley Storms, of Rochester, are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Storms.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lawlor and sons, Francis and Gerrard, spent Sunday last at B. L. King's.

Mr. and Mrs. Charley Bell, of Bath, were recent guests of their daughter, Mrs. Wesley Sharpe, of the Dominion.

Mrs. Harry Miller passed away in the Kingston General Hospital on Wednesday last. The funeral was held from her son's home, Mr. Edward Miller, Wednesday.

Quite a number from here attended the silver wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mooney, Westbrook.

A baby girl arrived recently to make her home with Mr. and Mrs. James Robinson.

England's Highest Mountain.

The highest mountain in England is Scafell of the Cumbrian range, 3,210 feet; in Wales, Snowdon of the Carnarvon range, 3,571; in Scotland, Ben Nevis, of the Grampian range, 4,406 feet; and in Ireland, Carrantouhill of the Macgillicuddy range, 3,414 feet.

Rat Depredations.

It is estimated that the annual loss to the Old Country by the depredations of rats exceeds £50,000,000.

Does it pay to feed Dr. Hess' stock or poultry tonic? Buy a pail of stock food and reach results. We guarantee it to pay for itself or we want twice over, or money refunded. This applies when fed to cattle, horses or hogs. Full information at Wallace's, Napanee agents.

RICHMOND MINUTES

Selby, Feb. 7th, 1927.

Council met in Town Hall, Selby. Five members were all present, the Reeve presiding.

The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

Moved by A. H. Oliver, seconded by E. A. McQuaig, that a By-law be introduced for expenditure on roads and bridges for year 1927. Carried.

Moved by E. A. McQuaig, seconded by M. Dupre, that By-law No. 457, providing for expenditure of $9000.00 on roads in 1927, receive its third reading, be signed, sealed and finally passed. Carried.

Moved by E. A. McQuaig, seconded by A. H. Oliver, that the Auditors' Report be accepted and that they receive $15.00 each for their services. Carried.

Moved by E. A. McQuaig, seconded by A. H. Oliver, that the Pedlar People Ltd., be their account rendered, $32.24, requesting that they supply the township with an itemized account of this bill. Carried.

Moved by C. Hartin, seconded by E. A. McQuaig, that the account of Alfred McCutcheon for committee services with Engineer Wiggins on Tamarack swamp drain No. 1 in 1926, for 2 days, total $7.00, be paid. Carried.

Moved by E. A. McQuaig, seconded by C. Martin, that in view of the fact that the Deputy Minister of Highways request that the Township shall be represented at attend a conference of Road Superintendents to be held in Toronto on Feb. 21st and 22nd, 1927, they agreeing to pay 50% of his expenses, that the engineer is hereby requested to attend the conference. Carried.

Moved by A. H. Oliver, seconded by C. Martin, that the Tax Collector be granted an extension of time on Tax Roll till March 7th, 1927, on which he is requested to have all taxes turned in and Roll returned. Carried.

Moved by E. A. McQuaig, seconded by C. Hartin, that the Clerk be authorized to advertise for tenders for furnishing power to operate township machinery for season of 1927, power to be gas engine or tractor; tenders to supply drive-belt and necessary oil and gas for engine. These tenders to be delivered to Clerk's hands on or March 5th, 1927, and to be opened by Council on March 7th, 1927. Carried.

Moved by M. Dupre, seconded by E. A. McQuaig, that the following accounts be paid: Herrington & Jones on 81 rods wire fence, $20.25; H. A. Wood, registering births, marriages and deaths, $30.25; Dr. Willoughby, services, $5.00; Municipal World Account, supplies, $17.75; E. Pringle, supplies for vault, $6.00. Carried.

Council adjourned to meet Mar. 7th, 1927.

H. A. WOOD, Clerk.

Congress Playing Cards, recognized as the finest in the world, $1.00 a package in either Bridge or ordinary. Other cards 40 and 60c. at Wallace's Drug Store.

NAPANEE BRANCH V. O. N.

The Order acknowledges with thanks, the January installment of $50.00 from the Board of Education.

Report of the V.O.N. for January, 1927!

Thirteen cases were registered during the month—5 medical, (2 be with severe pneumonia) one 2 surgical, 4 prenatal, and 2 infants.

One confinement was attended and one free nursing visit was paid.

There were 41 nursing visits and 103 non-nursing visits, making a total of 144 visits paid during the month.

$14.00 was collected from patients, and $11.75 from the Metropolitan Life insurance Co., making a total of $25.75.

The Social Service Committee is undertaking the supplying of milk every day to a very acute case of chorea in very poor circumstances.

Clinic Work:

Four Clinics were held, with a total attendance of 27. Two cases were referred to the physician.

A case was reported at the Clinic of a very poor baby on the Kingston Road. For this case the Social Service Committee provided a very complete layette, which was much appreciated.

School Work.

Sixteen visits were paid to the two schools, 272 children being inspected and 230 weighed. Six defects were corrected, 44 minor treatments given, and 7 class room health talks. Fifteen notices were referred to own physician, and 16 home school visits were paid. 35 hours were spent in the schools.

In the five Primary classes examined, about fifty per cent. are found to be underweight.

The Principal of the schools, Mr. Trenouth, was consulted regarding the school lunch and recess to these. Mr. Trenouth would like to consult with the School Management Committee before any undertaking, and states also that it would mean much extra work for the teachers.

C. LAMBERT,
Nurse in Charge.

The Convener of the Relief Committee, reported 7 helped during the month, and acknowledges with thanks a splendid donation of clothing from Mrs. Rogers, Farrell, Pa.

Miss J. Leamy was hostess at a tea served in the Council Chamber, Monday afternoon last, to the ladies who had met to sew for the needy. Mrs. Templeton poured tea, and Mrs. W. A. Templeton and Miss Hambly served.

NAPANEE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

The following is the Christmas Term Report o fthe Napanee Collegiate. First Class Honours 75% and over; Second Class, 66% to 75%; Third Class, 60% to 66%; Pass, 50 to 59%. No standing is given where a pupil has got below 50% in three or more subjects or where the number of subjects written in any Form is below the average number taken by the Form as a whole.

COMMERCIAL FORM, 2nd YEAR

Class I.—Hazel Frink.

Class II.—Gladys Parrott, Marion Grass ' 70, Helen Milling, Norma Fralick ' 66.

Class III.—Mary Ham ' 63, Mary Hart ' 61.

Pass—Ayeliffe Benn.

COMMERCIAL, 3rd Year.

Class I.—Muriel Garrison, F. Sylver.

Class II.—Ruth Graham, Josephine Clarke, Carmel Fretts' ' 71.

Class III.—Mary Kimmett' 64, Dorothy Lucas ' 65.

FORM I. A.

Class I.—Doris Anderson, Betty Gibbard, Georgie Scott, Dorothy Wilson.

Class II.—Marion Baird, Kathryn Clarke, Margaret Douglas, Jean McIlwaine, Jim Moffat, Hilda Preslar, Mildred Smith, Dorothy Sprague, Thomas Webb.

Class III.—Jean Asselstine, Marion Embury, Eileen Gallagher, Grace Lasher, Emma Nugent, Pearl Peters, Claude Ramsay, Wilfrid Smith.

Pass—Eldon Wagar Ada Hodgston, Mabel Kinnear, Roy Miller, William Templeton, Ernest Wick, Harold Webster.

FORM I. B.

Class I.—Frances Wright, M. Exley, Mabel Jackson.

Class II.—Alan Aylsworth, M. Bedore, Christeen Bell, Margaret Hutlman, Gene Denison, Donald Jackson, Gena Duffett, Mildred Loucks.

Class III.—Jean Graham, Arthur Frink.

Pass—Edna Funnell, Helen Preslar, Gordon Moore, Jean Patterson, Grace Harrigan, Muriel McKnight.

FORMS II. A. AND B.

Class I.—L. Stalker, V. Burnard, M. Holland, G. Scott, R. Chapman, M. Sills.

Class II.—M. Daly, R. Vanalstyne, K. McFarland, G. Paul, R. Stalker, H. Gait, E. Loyst, M. Martin.

Class III.—T. Hambly, M. Thompson, A. Deane, H. Merriam, M. Reid, M. McConnell, R. Howitt, F. Hudson.

Pass—Grange.

Second Year, Middle School.

FORMS III. A. AND III. B.

Class I.—Helen Lancaster, K. Henderson, Grace Joyce, Helen Standen, Gladys Gault, Hazel Baker, Jean Lancaster.

Class II.—Lenore Black, Edith MacMorine, Leonard Baird, Edmond Wagar.

Class III.—Sidney Cousins, Ilah Hart, Delbert Dupre, May Hawley Wilfred Powell, Hazel Milling.

Pass—Claire Thompson, Jean Milling, Madeline McMillan, Ruth Dickson, Leslie Merritt, Marjorie Gibbard, Gertrude Grange, H. Martin.

4th FORM.

Class I.—Mary Mellow.

Class II.—Jean Benjamin, Maude Wagar, Ernest Gibbard, Dorothy Hogle, Grace Boyes.

Class III.—Evelyn Mills, Phelma Hicks, Dorothy Daverin, Theodore Caton.

Pass—Katherine Gleeson, D. Hardy, Helen Schell, Norman Wood.

FORM V.

Class I.—Newell Rowse, Vera VanAlstyne.

Class II.—Douglas Anderson, Edna Aylesworth, Malcolm Cargill, Harold Deline, Gordon Fox, Thos. Moffat, Clifford Reid, Marion Roblin, Archie Wilson.

Class III.—Anita Asselstine, Mildred Rikley, Ila Stinson.

Pass—Gertrude Daverin, Aileen Harrison, Peter Miller, Hazel Moss, Kathleen Robinson.

STELLA.

In regard to the funeral of the late Mrs. Howard, whose tragic death has been fully reported, it would be of interest to the public to know that while the deceased lady was of the Anglican faith, for the sake of convenience the session of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church very kindly placed their church building at the service of the Anglican minister. The funeral service was therefore conducted in St. Paul's Church, according to Anglican form and ritual. The officiating minister, the Rev. Thomas Marsh, M.A., very courteously invited the Presbyterian minister, the Rev. J. V. Laughland, and the minister of Bethel Methodist Church, the Rev. R. G. Fry, B.A., B.D., to walk with him at the head of the funeral procession from the late residence to the church. The Rev. J. V. Laughland read the Scripture lesson at the church.

The attendance of the different church communions on the Island by these ministers was a typical one of the high esteem in universally respected and loved. And as the Rev. Mr. Leech stated in the course of a thoughtful appropriate address, "a foretaste of that unity we shall have when men can see eye to eye in these matters."

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Filson, Moosejaw, Sask., are visiting at the home of Mrs. Filson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Tugwell. Mr. Filson was welcomed back last week after having undergone an operation at Kingston General Hospital.

Mrs. W. P. Tugwell, who is at present in Kingston General Hospital, is reported to be progressing favorably.

Mr. Stella McMillan is cutting ice on Stella Harbor.

HOCKEY

NAPANEE 6 : VIC. BOO HOOS 5.

In one of the best exhibitions of hockey played in Napanee in some time Napanee defeated the Vic. Boo Hoos from Kingston by score of 6-5.

For excitement it was reminiscent of the battles in the Bay of Quinte League between Napanee and Point Anne of a few years ago. It was anybodys game and the result was in doubt until the final gong. It was fast hockey—first one side would break away, two and three men abreast and bear down the ice toward the opposition defense, who in turn would break up the play and in a flash transfer the play to the other end. Lightning thrusts on the goal, bullet like shots that were picked off with the greatest of ease by both gaol tenders had the crowd on edge for the entire game. In fact it was one of the best games that has been witnessed in Napanee in years.

Kingston presented a very strong team. Matheson, Buck and Pennock on the forward line starred with Kingston's O.H.A. juniors this year and they gave the crowd as pretty an exhibition of forward line work that has been seen in years. They had a goal tender in Buck they had a player who was very fast and tricky and was a continual source of danger every time he got the puck. Fred Bentley and Tommy Kirby of the locals starred. Bentley was the big scorer of the game with four goals, and Tommy Kirby was right behind him with two pretty counters.

The whole Napanee team played good hockey. The forwards back checked and displayed pretty combination work.

Ten minutes of the first period had passed before Bentley scored. He received a loose puck near the Kingston goal and circling behind the cage fast, he hooked the puck behind the visiting goalie. Kingston came right back with the equalizer on a pass out from the corner. They scored another on a similar play. The Napanee defense looked weak on the play and did not cover up the near side of the goal, the period ending two to one in favor of Kingston.

Some minute after the second period opened Bentley scored another. He carried the puck from end to end, and when near the goal made a short shot and then circling behind the net fast, hooked the puck behind the surprised goalie, for a pretty piece of work. Kingston, however, secured the lead again with another rounder. Napanee came back strong from behind with two more goals, making score 4-3 for Napanee.

In the third period, Napanee scored in five minutes and looked to have the game well in hand with a two goal lead. Characterizing the Kingston teams, as they staged a come-back and with only eight minutes left to play, a shot from the corner by one side, which Powell failed to get and for the balance of the game bombarded Napanee. Napanee made it 6-4 and a minute later Kingston scored their last goal, making final score 6-5 for the locals.

As an added attraction to the evening, another game was staged between Kingston's junior team and "Don" Dawrn's sextette. It was not what you would call good hockey, but it was interesting and well enjoyed by the crowd who stayed for the game. Kingston won by score of 7-2, and therefore broke even on the games. The last game was not advertised and had the two games been advertised, a much larger crowd would have been present.

Mr. Fred Huffman again handled the bell and gave entire satisfaction.

Following is the line-up :

Napanee—Goal, Murray ; defense, Cruse and Gibson ; centre, Buck ; wings, Matheson and Pennock ; subs, Gray, Hunt and Gleeson.

Napanee—Goal., Powell ; defense, Naphin and Bentley ; centre, Steen ; wings, Shoemaker and Johnston ; subs, Wilson, Kirby and Grierson.

"Bunk" Wilson, a junior product, was used on the relief and did splendid work and gives promise of developing. The locals are going good and any team that beats them on their own ice this year will have to step some.

Those who witnessed the game on Tuesday night were well pleased with the brand of hockey displayed and will be right back for the next one.

Fog Guide for Pilots.

A new gyroscopic indicator, to enable airplane pilots to do in fog and at night, has been adopted by the British Air Ministry.

The device is known as the Schlowsky-Cook indicator, and tests have been carried out for three years.

It consists inches in diameter, the gyroscope being rotated by a few volts battery. The smallest deviation of the airplane from its course is signaled by the appearance of red and green luminous sectors on the dial of the instrument, which enables the pilot to see what is wrong at once, even though no land marks can be seen.

COMING :- EVENTS

THURSDAY, FEB. 24th, CONcert and Play in Grace Church. Particulars later.

IT HAS BEEN ANNOUNCED that Napanee town Basketball team would play Belleville Y.M.C.A. on Wednesday evening, but unfortunately, Belleville is unable to come at this time, so the game has been postponed until some future time.

TOWN COUNCIL

Council Chamber,
Feb. 7th, 1927.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor E. J. Roy presiding.

Present—Reeve Boyes and Councillors Dunbar, Kimmerly, Jewell, Howitt, Fitzpatrick.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed.

A communication from the Hydro Electric Power Commission in reference to the new rates for lighting and power was read before Council and referred to the Light and Social Welfare Committee.

A communication was read from F. E. Hare, Clerk of the Oshawa City Council, stating that a meeting would be held on that city on Thursday, February 24th, when the question of the increased Hydro rates would be discussed and asked that delegates from the Town of Napanee be present.

On motion the chairman of the Light and Social Welfare Committee was appointed a delegate to attend the meeting at Oshawa.

On motion the sum of ten dollars was donated to the Cockshutt Presentation Fund.

Mr. Ernest Pidgeon made application for a license for a pool room. He has rented the premises now occupied by Davy & Allison, and intends putting in five pool tables.

Referred to the Market and Police to report at next meeting of Council.

Mr. Wm. Hudson, Market Clerk, made application for a renewal of the Market Rolls for the year 1927, at a rental of $350.00.

On motion Mr. Hudson's application was granted.

Mr. M. P. Graham, Town Treasurer, presented a statement of receipts and financial condition up to the 31st day of January.

Report adopted.

Coun. Fitzpatrick, chairman of Streets Committee, reported that there was not much doing on streets, excepting sanding streets and sidewalks, shovelling considerable snow shovelling had been done in front of private property and would like to have instructions as to how to collect cost of same.

On motion the Streets Committee were instructed to have the Streets Foreman collect all accounts for private snow shovelling when done.

Coun. Jewell, chairman of the Town Property Committee, reported that he had made an inspection of the Disposal Works and found everything satisfactory. He had in mind some repairs to the ball, also the fire hall, a report of which he would present later.

Report adopted.

A By-law authorizing the Mayor and Clerk to borrow from the Standard Bank of Canada, any sum up to $45,000 to meet current expenditure of the town, at 6 per cent. interest, was introduced, given its several readings and finally passed.

A By-law similar to the above is passed about this time every year, and is to provide money for current expenditure until the 1927 taxes are collected.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered paid :

Thompson Bros.	8 90
Thompson Bros.	2 50
Royal Hotel	9 00
Thompson Bros.	80
Thompson Bros.—Welfare	50
Wesley	1 00
J. J. Haines	4 50
Davy & Allison	2 20
Davy & Allison	2 25
Denison Bros.	57 50
A. S. Kimmerly	17 01
A. S. Kimmerly	3 75
Davy & Allison	3 80
P. Vine	1 50
C. I. Maybee	4 25
C. I. Maybee	28 05
P. Gleeson	27 25
P. Gleeson	14 25
Dominion Stores	1 50
J. M. Graham	23 25
E. Pringle	4 15
F. E. VanLuven	19 25
F. H. Perry	2 00
F. E. VanLuven	24 75
Martin Senour	35 00
Farmer's Dairy	4 50
J. L. Boyes & Son	18 40
J. L. Boyes	10 00
W. A. Grange	10 00
Chas. Stevens	36 50

An account from F. Maracle, $5.25, was referred to the Town Property Committee with power to act.

The usual monthly accounts from the Bell Telephone Co. was referred to the Clerk, with power to act.

Kodak work at Wallace's—Special for January. With two films left at one time we give a 25c. enlargement free! This is in addition to the free enlargement with work amounting to 1.00 (not necessarily at one time.) Wallace's, Kodak Agents.

PROPOSED BRIDGE OVER ST. LAWRENCE.

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—Arrangements have been completed, it is learned, for the financing of the proposed three-million-dollar international bridge across the St. Lawrence River at the Thousand Islands, according to a communication received by Hector K. Cassuthers, secretary of the Ottawa Board of Trade, from A. Gilbert Freeman, of Albany, N.Y., president of the Thousand Islands Bridge Corporation, and who will be here again on Monday. The purpose of the visit is to arrange with a local legal firm as to procedure for procuring a federal charter for the company.

Applications, he wrote, are already in the hands of the state Government of New York, and the Federal Government at Washington, for American charters for the company.

Finest Separator Oil, that won't freeze or gum up your machine, 25c. a quart at Wallace's. Why pay more?

DOXSEE & CO.

An after Stocktaking Sale of

Ladies' Hosiery

In Silk and Wool and Cashmere Shades: Beige, Tan, Grey and Black.

All sizes. $1.25 a pair.'

TO CLEAR 89 CENTS

Millinery

New arrivals every day.

This is an opportunity to secure a Hat for early Spring.

They come in smart styles of Corded Silk, Belting Ribbons, Petersham and Straw combined.

MODERATELY PRICED

The Leading Millinery House

Men's and Boys'

SUITS and OVERCOATS

Clearing at a Discount of

20%

Women's Four Buckle Goloshes $2.95

W.W.ADAMS

Merchant Tailor.
Men's and Boys' Wear

Newburgh, - Ont.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Sarah Eliza Kellar, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims against the estate of Sarah Eliza Kellar, late of the Township of Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, widow, deceased, are required to deliver or send to the undersigned on or before the 14th day of February, A.D., 1927, full particulars of their claims duly verified.

And further take notice that after the said 14th day of February, A.D., 1927, the executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate and shall not be liable to any person of whose claims she shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the said estate.
7-d

Hold the THOUGHT

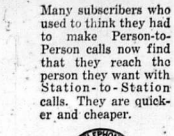
Fix in your mind this one thought, and "hold it"—speed is a necessity in present-day business, and long Distance makes it possible.

■ ■ ■

"No amount of industry or increased expenditure will protect a merchant who is not using the telephone to make sales. He can't move fast enough without it" — says a leading authority.

■ ■ ■

Many subscribers who used to think they had to make Person-to-Person calls now find that they reach the person they want with Station-to-Station calls. They are quicker and cheaper.



Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station.

203

FILMING THE EAGLE.

The King of Birds Is No Publicity Hunter.

Going oft after wild life with a camera is just as exciting as stalking big game with a gun. Perhaps it calls for even more resource, endurance, and knowledge. Certainly Capt. C. W. R. Knight, the well-known ornithologist, needed all these things when he set out to get some "close-ups" of the golden eagle at home in a Scottish deer forest.

He has just described how it was done. His first problem was to get a hiding-place, from which he could see without being seen. Finally, he contrived to make one on a cliff-race within ten feet of an eyrie.

From his place of concealment he watched while the eaglets grew up, fed by their mother, and gained a great deal of information as to the family habits.

Unfortunately, it does not seem to have been a very happy family. There were two eaglets—one male and one female—and they quarrelled even more bitterly than is usually the case with brothers and sisters. One squabble ended by the smaller of the two—the male—being thrown out of the eyrie and killed on the rocks at the foot of the cliff.

In the case of another eyrie, Capt. Knight had to sleep in his hiding-place on the cliff in order to get the photographs he wanted. One night there was a thunderstorm so violent that the whole cliff was shaken by it. The thunder was accompanied by a downpour of rain, and the eyrie was dislodged from its place and fell. It was caught by trees, and when Capt. Knight investigated, he found the eaglets unhurt.

At considerable danger to himself, he climbed the cliff with the young birds and replaced them in their home. The mother eagle returned and fed them as if nothing unusual had happened.

FARM MACHINERY.

Western Canada Most Progressive of Agricultural Countries.

Without much question Western Canada is the most progressive of the agricultural territories of the globe in its methods of farming. Labor-saving devices have there been brought to a high pitch of perfection and are being continually improved. Manual labor has very largely been eliminated from the various operations combining to the production of grain and to-day work of preparing the land, seeding, harvesting and storing is a matter of involved machinery in which brain is more important than brawn. The high standard of Canadian agricultural machinery has resulted in the development of a manufacturing industry which places farm implements in nearly all of the agricultural countries of the world.

The development of a horse-drawn machine for cutting the grain, with its later improvement in the form of an elevator, a device for putting the stalks in bundles, and finally the binding apparatus, were all very progressive steps, and in the result it was considered that almost all possible had been achieved in the way of labor saving. This left the two major manual operations, the collecting of the sheaves into stooks for drying and ripening, and the centralizing of the stooks into stacks or their transport direct to the thresher. It is to accomplish these that 50,000 men have to be brought into the Prairie Provinces each fall.

A Whittington Souvenir.

Appropriate to the season is the gift that Sir Charles Wakefield, the London Alderman, has just made to the Guildhall Library. It is a deed to which Sir Richard Whittington, "citizen and mercer of London," affixed his seal.

Most of the relics of the immortal hero of London's Lord Mayoralty and of a thousand pantomimes are legendary, but here is an authentic souvenir, and the vague lineaments traced on the seal are believed to be a rough image of Whittington himself.

In the deed we find Whittington acting as Receiver-General for Edward, Earl of Rutland and Cork, a prince of the blood royal, his colleagues in the receivership being a knight of the county of Norfolk and a cleric who was subsequently preferred by Henry IV. as prebendary at Windsor.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

BY G. C. TRUMBULL,
(Editor of The Sunday School Times.)

MAKING OUR HOMES CHRISTIAN

Sunday, Feb. 13—Eph. 5:25 to 6:4.

Golden Text—Let us love one another: for love is of God. (I. John, 4:7).

A home is more than a house. It is not a matter of wood and stone, bricks and mortar, but of flesh and blood. So the New Testament, when telling us how to have Christian homes, says nothing about the architecture of the building, but a great deal about the architecture of the life. Christian homes are possible only with Christian lives; and the Christian life is possible only by the love of God and the God of love. Love is the centre of a Christian home—such love as only Christ can make possible.

A home is made up of parents and children: father, mother and child. The passage of Scripture from which this lesson is taken omits the seven verses that begin to consider the lesson as commencing with Verse 18 of Ephesians 5, which tells us of the duty and privilege of every Christian to "be filled with the Spirit." Then the hearts of Christians will be "singing and making melody," full of thanksgiving always to God, and will be submitting themselves "one to another in the fear of God." That means a life of continual unselfishness, which is the secret of a Christian home.

The apostle, by inspiration, now turns to the wife in her place of responsibility in the home, and says: "Wives, submit yourselves unto your own husbands, as unto the Lord." This is not a popular teaching today. Indeed, it is seldom heard. But it runs through the entire Word of God, being found, first, in Genesis 3:16, and again in Colossians 3:18.

The Scripture goes on with a word of revelation that is mysterious, and that gladdens the relation of the wife to the husband is the relation of the Church to Christ. It is not a burdensome, irksome relation, but a precious and beautiful one. "Therefore, as the Church is subject unto Christ, so let the wives be to their own husbands in everything."

For the husband is to love his wife, "even as Christ also loved the Church, and gave Himself for it." The husband's love to the wife, in the Christian home, is to be utterly self-sacrificing. Christ gave His life for the Church, dying for it; the husband is to love the wife so unselfishly that his life is literally laid down for her, and he would gladly accept death rather than fail in his love for her. When the husband loves the wife in that way, it should not be hard for the wife to be subject unto the husband "as unto the Lord." It is not hard to yield to love.

Christ never will be satisfied until He has presented the Church unto Himself "a glorious Church, not having spot, or wrinkle, or any such thing; but that it should be holy and without blemish. So ought men to love their wives." The Christian husband should so live for his wife and so love her, and so intercede for her, that her life should be glorious in the sight of God.

What an ideal for marriage! The inspired Word goes on to tell us that, by a great mystery, husband and wife are one flesh, as ordained in the beginning, even as Christ and the Church are one body. Here is a mystical union very wonderful and very precious. It is ordained of God and brought to pass by Him, when marriage is in the Lord. How petty and futile and vicious seem the modern degenerate theories of men for changes in the marriage relation, when we turn to the pure light and wisdom of God's perfect Word!

After showing Christ's love and law for the husband and wife, the apostle turns to the children in the home with the word, "Children obey your parents in the Lord: for this is right." If the parents are members of the body of Christ, and love Him, and love each other as He would have them love, the obedience of the children will follow and be easy, not irksome. Even if it is irksome, it is to be carried out.

One of the most conspicuous and startling facts indicating the demoralization of today, as the end of the age draws on, is the flaunting disregard of parents by children. It is prophesied by Paul in another epistle: "In the last days perilous times shall come. For men shall be lovers of their own selves, disobedient to parents, unthankful, unholy, without natural affection" (2 Tim., 3:1-3). But there are still many Christian homes living in the old faith where children love and obey.

Of course, the parents are to blame for the reckless sinning, immorality, disobedience and atheism of so many of the children of today. It is a tragic fact that children often see little in their fathers and mothers to serve honor or obey. Paul's closing word in this lesson recognizes this: "And ye, fathers, provoke not your children to wrath: but bring them up in the nurture and admonition of the Lord."

Our homes are truly Christian when Christ is the life of every member of the family.

(Tuesday evenings at 7.30 o'clock Mr. Trumbull broadcasts a fuller teaching of the International Uniform Sunday School lessons from Station WHAZ, Philadelphia, wave length 268 meters).

The Pacific Ocean.

The Pacific Ocean has an area of 53,986,000 square miles. Its greatest depth is 32,089 feet.

The Atlantic has an area of 31,530,000 square miles; its greatest depth is 31,366 feet.

The area of the Indian Ocean is 28,500,000 square miles, greatest depth 22,968 feet; and the Arctic Ocean has an area of 5,541,000 square miles, and its greatest depth is 2,940 feet. The largest sea is the Malay in the Far East, having an area of 3,137,000 square miles, and a maximum depth of 21,340 feet.

GIVE AN HONEST TIRE A CHANCE

BY ERWIN GREER
(President Greer College of Auto) motive and Electrical Trades, Chicago, Ill.)

Much has been written about tire care, and yet tires continue to wear out. Nothing I can state will prevent your tires from wearing out—ultimately, but if you will heed the advice set forth below you can depending on service from your tires will help you stave off the day when you must buy new ones.

If we were to take a brand-new tire and hold it under 500 to 800 pounds pressure against a grindstone making 180 revolutions a minute, our tire wouldn't last long.

About the same thing happens to tires when we run them with crooked, wabbly, or "shimmying" wheels. The tires grind against the rough pavement instead of rolling along with little friction, as they should.

The wheels themselves may be out of line or dished. Spindle bushings may be worn, causing the wheel to "shimmy." Axles, steering knuckles, or drag links may be bent. Whatever the trouble may be, it is easy to diagnose it, and to find that wear out in spots. Then the remedy is simple. Having wheels lined up or axle straightened costs much less than buying new tires every few thousand miles.

Leaks in inner tubes, often called "slow leaks," generally are due to faulty valve inside or the lack of a good valve cap. Many times, if the inside valve does leak, a good valve cap will prevent the tire from going flat.

Quick stops or starts mean a quick end to tires. When the wheels are locked, in stopping, and the car keeps on going, the tire is slide over the road, instead of revolving, and the rubber is worn off in one spot. When we give the engine too much gas in starting, an unnecessarily heavy strain is put on the section of the tire that grips the pavement, and a weakened tread may result.

After everything is said and done, the service and satisfaction you get will depend upon the tire itself. No amount of coddling on the road will make up for the lack of tough, sturdy, rugged construction which the manufacturer failed to put into the tire at the factory.

TRICK BY COMMANDER.

New C.O. In Mufti Got Opinions About His Popularity.

An entertainment of the 35th Battalion, C. E. F., carried the commander's memory back to the early days of the organization of this famous fighting unit. Lieut-Col. Bick having been appointed to organize and command the 35th Battalion, being a rural officer and one of those modest kind of chaps, was very anxious to know just how his appointment was going to take with the rank and file. So proceeding to the armory in Toronto one afternoon where quotas of the Q.O.R., Royal Grenadiers and 48th Highlanders, which formed a part of the battalion, were drilling (the colonel was in mufti) sauntered up and down among the different squads. Noticing a squad of the 48th standing easy, he approached the big Scot's sergeant and entered into conversation with him, asking all sorts of silly questions. Then leading along, he asked who was in charge of these men. "Why, I am," said the sergeant, in his broad Scotch, and shoving out his chest. "Well," said the colonel, "do you have charge of the whole battalion." "Oh, no," said the sergeant. "Well, what I wanted to know," said the colonel, "is who is boss when they are all formed up into a battalion." "Oh, oh (and his hand went up to scratch his head) now, just wait a wee." And after a little thinking he said: "Oh, his name is Bick; from out in the country." The colonel said: "Did you ever see him?" "No, he has not been around yet, but they say he is a d—— good fellow."

So the colonel left for downtown feeling that things were not going to be too bad. A few days later the colonel was inspecting these same squads at work. Coming up the sergeant he said: "Well, Scottie, what do you think of your commanding officer?" Scottie, now remembering the previous conversation, said: "Oh, you put one over on me."

Why a Bride Carries Flowers.

Flowers from very early days have been intimately connected with religious rites. Fruit used to be offered up in sacrifice to the old gods, and the flowers which come before fruit were used to garland the necks of animals sacrificed on the ancient altars.

There was a symbolism in all this, the flower standing for the glories of the harvest-to-be, and so in olden times the marriage festival was beautified by these emblems. Gradually the symbolism grew, particular flowers being given particular meanings. So the orange blossom as bearing fruit and flowers together stood for youth and maternity, the lily for purity, while the rose and myrtle were especially consecrated to Venus, goddess of love. To-day the exact symbols are generally forgotten, but the bridal bouquet still remains.

Large Ships.

The largest ship afloat, dimensions considered, is the British ship Majestic, dimensions 915 feet in length, 100 feet beam, and 58 feet depth.

Judged by gross tonnage, the Leviathan is the largest ship afloat. Her dimensions are, length 907 feet, beam 100 feet, and depth 58 feet. Her gross tonnage is 59,957 tons. She is a United States ship. If measurement according to rules adopted by British lines, her tonnage would be 54,282 tons or 2,269 tons less than the tonnage of the Majestic.

Plant Without Root.

Among the curious plants grown in the Chelsea (England) Physic Garden is one which has no roots. It hangs from the branches of tropical trees and draws in food through its leaves.

Output of Rubber.

The world's annual output of rubber is about 1,950,000 tons, of which fully 90 per cent. is produced on plantations, most of which are in British possessions in the Far East

Here and There

Nova Scotia's coal output for the year ended September 30, was 5,600,000 tons, as against 3,200,000 tons for the previous year.

Tonnage of freight handled over the Halifax piers during the year of 1926 shows an increase of nearly 18 per cent. During the season 1,012 trans-Atlantic steamships entered the port, as compared with 980 during the season of 1925.

Herod's Pride, the mare imported into Canada by the Prince of Wales, and owned by Fred Johnston of Calgary, since last September, has been sold to the Brown Shasta Stud Farm in California for a sum in excess of $5,000.

Wholesale fish firms of Yarmouth and Halifax report that 1926 was a record year, as to the demand for fresh and smoked fish in Canadian and United States markets. Shipments were frequently made from Halifax to western Canada and points in California.

Immigration to Canada for the eleven months of the calendar 1926 ended November 30, amounted to 130,568 persons, according to a recent statement issued by the Department of Immigration and Colonization. This is an increase of 61 per cent. over the same period of 1925, when the total immigration was 80,904.

The Maori Rugby Football team, who have recently completed a successful tour of France and Great Britain, passed through Montreal recently en route over the Canadian Pacific lines to Vancouver, where they sailed for New Zealand January 27. This team won, during their eight-month tour, 22 of 31 games played.

According to recent compilation by the Canadian Government, Canada now leads the world in public per capita distribution of electricity from central power stations. The figures of kilowatt-hours generated per capita per annum by the five leading countries are: Canada, 1,260; Switzerland, 886; United States, 581; Sweden, 467; Norway, 370.

The Russian Government is to buy another herd of Canadian horses this spring, it was announced at the Alberta Provincial Horse Breeders' Association meeting in Calgary recently. R. E. Wilson, Dominion Government agent, who was responsible for the statement, declared that from 2,000 to 5,000 horses would be required.

The year 1926 was a banner year for the British Columbia coast steamship service of the Canadian Pacific Railway, according to Captain J. W. Troup, manager of that branch of the C.P.R. fleet. The "Princess Marguerite" and the "Princess Kathleen," in the triangular service, make a fine record and the Alaskan tourist business was brisk.

For the first time in the history of Alberta, alfalfa seed is being shipped to Denmark. This is registered Grimm alfalfa grown by the Grimm Alfalfa Seed Growers' Association, at Brooks, which this year produced one-third of a million pounds of this seed. It appears that Danish growers have experimented with this seed in the past and have now placed an order for 50,000 pounds.

The Nova Scotia Fruit Growers' Association has requested the Provincial Department of Natural Resources to appoint and send overseas a Commission to enquire into the conditions under which Nova Scotia apples are marketed. The suggested personnel is the Secretary of the Nova Scotia Fruit Growers' Association, a representative of the United Fruit Companies and the newly appointed Provincial Horticulturist, Prof. Middleton.

Badgers for Profit.

The badger, frequently the victim of wanton destruction, is now being bred for commercial purposes by three Donegal, Ireland, farmers. According to the head of the project, the animals, if captured young are easily looked after, and when they reach maturity are valuable, the hair being used for the best kind of shaving brush and the fur for women's wearing apparel. The farmers claim that the project is the first of its kind.

Coal.

The average annual output of coal for the whole world is about 1,340,000,000 tons. Fully 500,000,000 tons are produced each year in the United States. The production in Great Britain is about 280,000,000 tons, but during the last year there was a great falling off due to the miners' strike. Germany is the third great produced of coal.

Cranes Fly High.

The usual height at which swallows, wild ducks, geese, and other birds fly when travelling long distances is from 1,000 feet to 2,500 feet. Cranes have been known to fly five miles above the earth.

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.

ROBT. LIGHT.
4tfc

ORIGINAL PLACE-NAMES.

One Needs to Go to the Canadian West to Discover Originality.

The place-names of a country often carry their own significance, writes Frank Yeigh. Many a district in the older-settled parts of the Dominion reveals the ancestry of the first inhabitants. Thus the London is reproduced in the Canadian city by the Thames, with its many London and county names. Scotland lives again in many a Scottish settlement, and Ireland frequently turns up in this country.

But one needs to go to the Canadian West to discover originality in place-naming. Great nations, as well as great men, are freely drawn upon for the purpose, and in many an obscure Western settlement a world-famous genius lives again in a twentieth-century immortality. What curiosity is aroused by such a list as Carlyle and Drake, DeWet and Frobisher, Herschel and Kipling, Marconi and Bruce! Rembrandt is remembered, and so are Murillo and Holbein, Millet and Gainsborough. In the realm of music, neither Mozart nor Handel ever dreamed of giving their names to a prairie town in North America, while in sculpture, there is a wide assortment, suiting every taste, in Niobe and Pandora, Vulcan and Milo, with Orion and Pegasus thrown in for variety. Other of the world's master minds reappear in this New-World setting. Socrates and Plato hobnob with Tolstoi and Browning, Poe and Bret Harte associate geographically with Scott and Dickens and Wordsworth.

There is, in addition, a choice miscellaneous list. What could be more stimulating than Onward and Manly, Liberty and Justice, Valor and Vigilant and Patriot? How the mind responds to the challenge of Rosalind and Clarinda, of Pendennis and Avalon, of Oberon and Guthlac, and even Bleakmore and Tristam!

The life of the country itself is recalled in Cache Lake, Moose Lake, Pelican Rapids, Basswood, Cedar, Cypress, Fir (and every other wood); Elk Point, Bear Creek, Eagle Butte, Condor, Coyote Valley, Buffalo Gap, Lodge making the Canadian West a fully equipped Zoo. The River Styx and Shades have a more sinister suggestion.

There is another curious list of names in the broncbos of the West. My mount on a Rocky Mountain trail bore the title of "Six Bits." His companion was a mongrel dog named "Four Bits," these names representing the original purchase prices of the animals, respectively. A group of ponies lined up in a mountain corral, represented Hogback, Side-Wheeler, Blondin and Potlash, Calamity and Shammy made a natural pair, as did Stovepipe and Lightning. Squamish and Nitchie show their Indian origin. Brandy and Soda were natural partners; as were Gin and Fizz, and Scotch and Water. Benedictine was a high-toned quadruped who felt his social superiority, while Gravy didn't care where he was catalogued!

Bachelors Taxed.

Three million bachelors in Italy are to be taxed for their single blessedness. Only priests and non-commissioned officers in the army who are not allowed to marry by law, will be exempted. The tax begins with a minimum of 20 lire (about eighty-five cents) annually, increasing with the income and age of the bachelor to 50 lire. It begins to decrease after the age of 40.

EAT MORE SUGAR!

Greatest Producer of Energy That We Can Put Into the Body.

We are enormous eaters of sugar. It has been calculated that the weekly consumption, per head, is over a pound and a half for 2¼ pounds, says an Old Country paper. The more the better, for sugar is one of the greatest producers of energy that we can put into the body. In contests requiring prolonged endurance, there is no better reviver of flagging energies than a few lumps of cane-sugar. That was all that a recent Channel swimmer took.

For children, sugar is a valuable nutrient, and Dr. Bryce, the dietetic expert, says that in the winter, if sugar to the limit of their digestive capacity were given to children, its heat-producing power would be such that the expense of an extra garment could be saved. Sugar is good for the heart, too. And not "bad for the teeth," for, as Dr. Bryce points out, the sugar-cane-cutting Negro has the finest molars in the world!

The queer thing about sugar is that we don't know where the sugar-cane originated, for nowhere has it been found in its wild state. The first reference to it in any literature is in the sacred books of the Hindus—"I have crowned thee with a shooting sugar-cane, so that thou shalt not be averse to me."

A Chinese emperor sent an embassy to India to learn the art of sugar-making. Gradually the sugar-cane was introduced into other countries, and by the sixteenth century the industry was established.

Use Cash Discount Bonds And Save Money

On every cash purchase we give you Cash Discount Bonds—one cent bond on every 25c. you spend.

Your cash purchases entitle you to this discount, so take advantage of the opportunity to save money.

All you have to do is accept the Bonds due on your purchases and then spend them here the same as money.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
MEN'S WEAR
NAPANEE - ONTARIO

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.

HAIR CUT 35c.—Give us a Trial.

I. B. WILLOUGHBY, M.D., C.M.
Corner Dundas and Robinson Streets.
Office Hours:—2 p.m. to 5 p.m., p.m. to 8 p.m. 32-1y
Phone 307.

Dr. S. R. McCreary, B.Sc.
Physician and Surgeon,
X-Rays a Specialty
170A Front St., Belleville
Opposite City Hall
Phone 1200

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
PHONE 61

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

New Battery Re-charger
INSTALLED
MARVELUBE MOTOR OIL
A grade for every purpose.
WILLARD STORAGE BATTERIES
Solid Rubber Case and Rubber Thread Plates
CUSHION AND HARD RUBBER TIRES
For Buggies
J. M. Graham, Napanee
'Phone 218. DUNDAS ST., EAST P. O. Box 567.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

The Napanee Express
Will bring to your home each week the news of the district.
Subscribe Now and receive the Express for one year for . . **$1.50**
SEND THE EXPRESS to your out-of-town friends as a present. They will appreciate your thoughtfulness. Send us your order now and we will forward a special receipt with your compliments.

Our Commercial Printing Department
is fully equipped to handle every class of Printing, and fully guarantee all our work.
We also Handle Counter Check Books
Any size or shape, at much lower prices than you have been in the habit of paying.
Wrapping Paper
At the same price as quoted by the paper house representatives, and you save the freight. We stock 12, 15, 18, 20 and 24 in. rolls, both in light Kraft and Butcher's Fibre.
We can supply any Special Paper in a few days after receiving the order.
The Express Printing House,
Napanee.

Apeing the Apes of a Shinto Temple

Original Japanese Statuette.

Principal Officers of the Empress of Scotland.

"Hear no evil; speak no evil; see no evil." These three phrases are well-known in modern parlance. They, and a group of gesturing monkeys, are synonymous, the famous original carving being located in a Shinto temple at Nikko, Japan. Many copies of these allegorical triplets have been made and sold the world over for ornaments, paper weights and book ends. Not the least successful imitators, however, are the three principal officers of the Canadian Pacific steamship "Empress of Scotland," which is at present cruising around the world. The photograph above shows them squatted on deck interpreting the teachings of the famous Japanese statuettes to cruise cameraman. "See no evil" is in the centre is the captain, R. G. Latta, commander of the "Empress of Scotland"; at his left is Staff Captain H. Stuart, V.C., R.N.R., as "Speak no evil," and at his right First Engineer A. E. Philp, as "Hear no evil," respectively. These officiers officers do very little playing, but now and then they find time to relax and enter into the entertainments and take part in the program on board.

The "Empress of Scotland" sailed from the Pacific seaboard December and will touch the four corners of the earth on her annual 30,000-mile cruise. Her passenger list is made up of prominent people from all parts of Canada, the United States and many from England and the continent, who joined the Atlantic to sail from New York. The "Empress of Scotland" will visit over twenty different countries and will anchor in 26 ocean ports before her four months cruise is ended.

EDUCATING CHINESE

EIGHTY PER CENT. OF PEOPLE CANNOT READ OR WRITE.

A Project Is on Foot to Educate the Vast Population of China Within a Decade—Free Schools Springing Up All Over the Country.

Differences of mentality which are supposed sharply to divide Orientals and Occidentals will disappear when the masses of China are educated, according to Dr. Alfred Sze, Chinese Minister at Washington, who talked recently about a project to educate the vast population of China within a decade.

The project for mass education in China is of necessity an intensive one. One-fourth of the population of the earth is Chinese, the most prolific race on earth. Eighty of this mass eighty per cent. are illiterate.

According to bulletins published in Shanghai and Pekin, these millions must speedily be educated for the great experiment in democracy. One of the bulletins, under the title of "How to Educate China's Illiterate Millions in a Decade," was published in Pekin, 1923, under the auspices of the Chinese Association for the Advancement of Education. This bulletin starts off with:

"China is again at the parting of the ways. Whither is she heading: toward democracy or autocracy? But can democracy succeed in a nation where eighty per cent. of the people cannot read or write their own language?"

Regarding mass education in China in the past, the Minister explained that the great obstacle had been that the vernacular was never used in printed form, but only the classical language used by scholars. The "Literary Revolution" of 1919 resulted in the adoption of Pei-Hua, or the spoken language, for printed material. It has become in this short space of time the national literary medium. A simplified vocabulary was found to be the first step in this plan for mass education, bringing knowledge to "the man who has to struggle for his food." This simplification had as its object the "maximum of vocabulary in a minimum of time." The written language was pared down to a thousand characters, the effort taking form in what is known as the "People's Thousand-Character Lessons."

Dr. Sze said that this selection of a practical vocabulary was made by two men working independently, but the characters selected were the same to the extent of 800 out of 1,000. Daniel C. Fu of the Popular Education Committee of the Chinese Y.M.C.A. began the process of selection, and about the same time Prof. H. C. Chen of the National Southeastern University, at Nanking, began work on what he calls the "vocabulary of the common people." Their combined efforts produced the 1,000 characters finally adopted.

An illustration of the use of Chinese characters is shown in one of the bulletins mentioned. A character is so constructed as to present a picture, real or imaginary, of the thing presented. The character representing "snow," for instance, is made up of the characters "rain" and "mountain." "Loyalty" is made up of the character representing "heart" and "in the very midst"; that is, wholehearted, and true to the core.

The campaign for mass education has caused free schools to spring up like mushrooms all over China. All sorts of buildings are used for school purposes, not only the few school buildings proper, but temples, churches, clubhouses, private residences, the Y.M.C.A., and other places. And all sorts of people are attending these schools—beggars, scavengers, pig drivers, chair bearers, and so on. Students are attracted by press-agent methods in the form of posters, official proclamations, mass meetings, and parades carrying banners with such devices as: "Is Your Son Blind? An Illiterate Man Is Blind."

When these millions of China become literate "after the silence of the centuries," the Minister thinks, they will constitute an influence for world peace. The Chinese have the reputation for being peaceable by nature, with forbearance and courtesy instilled into them as a fundamental of their society.

China has been called a topsy-turvy land because in so many ways customs are the opposite of our own, as, on the printed page, the characters read up and down instead of across. But C. K. Young, secretary of the Chinese Location, takes exception.

"It is two sides of the same thing," he says. "We think you topsy-turvy."

In China, he said, the mourning color was white, instead of black; white red is solely the color for festive occasions, such as weddings and feasts. When on a visit to his native land he wore a red football sweater brought from America, his friends asked: "Are you a bridegroom?"

Machine That Tears Steel.

Looking at the thick steel girders of a bridge, or of a large building under construction, it seems as though nothing short of an earthquake could break their rigidity.

Yet, for the biggest single span bridge in the world, in course of erection across Sydney Harbor in New South Wales, Australia — the steelwork for which is being constructed by an English firm—an entirely new steel-testing machine has been built.

This machine will be housed in a workshop at Middlesbrough, and will test the compression and straining power of each of the girders, which are to be sent separately to Australia.

No previous steel testing machine has been so powerful as this new British one, which is capable of exerting a force of 1,250 tons. With the greatest possible ease it can tear to pieces a steel bar 6 inches thick.

Large Islands.

Greenland, a Danish possession, is considered to be the largest island in the world, with an area of 827,300 square miles.

The second island in size is New Guinea, in the South Pacific, belonging to Great Britain and Holland. It has an area of 330,000 square miles.

Borneo, also in the Pacific, and also belonging to Great Britain and Holland, is third in size, with an area of 280,000 square miles.

The Petroleum Output.

The petroleum output of the world is about yearly 1,008,515,000 barrels of 42 gallons.

A Lengthy Waterway.

The length of the waterway opened up by the Suez Canal is 100 miles.

THE "BARGAIN"

By OTILLIA F. PFEIFFER

(Copyright, 1926, Western Newspaper Union.)

Honk! Honk!

The stillness of the quiet farmyard was rudely broken in upon by an unusual turmoil. The blare of an auto horn accompanied a startling awakening of dormant beasts and fowls. The old horse drinking at the watering trough kicked up his heels, snorted and made for a shelter shed. The chickens cackled and ran for life. Even brave old Lion, the faithful watch dog, drooped, slid away, and only at a safe distance set up a violent complaint against the intruding machine.

"What mischief is that?" shouted old Farmer Dole, hastening to the door. "Gimme me if it isn't Marvin! What do you mean? Hi, there! What's the matter now?"

His son sat smiling all over, shutting off the power of an odd-looking automobile with a proud air of complacency and fiendish experiment.

"It was a trade, dad," he announced gleesomely. "I gave the old nag and wagon and fifty dollars, and it's a bargain."

"You traded old Dobbin for that?" gasped the father.

"Why not?" challenged Marvin. "When Drusilla and I get married, we're not going to have any heavy hauling, are we? This machine will hold all we intend to sell off, and do it in half the time."

"You're beginning fine, you are!" snorted old Abner, genuinely mad. "I promised to give you a helping hand; but no siree! no such extravagant notions. Have you thought of the cost of gasoline and repairs? Did you notice that the machine looks like an old boat, probably just ready to fall to pieces?"

The bold and venturesome investment of Marvin Dole led to unpleasant results. It gave the father a grouch he did not get over. Within a week, after calling in a garage mechanic eight times, Marvin was convinced that he had indeed got the worst end of a bad bargain.

"I suppose you know how they dope up a horse to sell?" suggested the mechanic. "Well, whoever owned this tub used the same methods to keep the old wreck running long enough for you to get home. You will save money by selling it for old junk."

Even Marvin's fiancee, pretty Drusilla Marsh, began to find fault with the lack of good judgment of her future husband. Only twice did the machine carry them, to break down both times. Then some hot words passed between father and son. It led to a rupture. Marvin left the house, induced Drusilla to marry him quietly, and the pair settled down at a little rented truck farm, with nothing but scraping and saving before them.

The old auto was run into a corner of the yard, practically dismantled.

The three clever young strangers who had palmed it off on Marvin were not seen again, and the lack of a horse and wagon sadly hampered progress.

One good result came of this. All the pettishness of Drusilla disappeared, confronted with the serious duties of womanhood.

There was a travel pit just at the edge of the little plat of ground the young Doles had rented, and they allowed the teams hauling away the product to pass through the stable yard. Marvin came home one day, to find Drusilla in an unusual state of excitement.

"There was a runaway of one of the gravel teams today," she told Marvin. "It crashed into your old automobile and smashed the whole rear."

"Glad of it!" responded Marvin spiefly. "The old wreck has been an eyesore long enough. I spoke to the junk man today about allowing me what the old iron would bring."

"You don't want to sell it until I show you something," said Drusilla, her eyes dancing with half-suppressed excitement. "Come into the house and see what I have to show you. We never knew what a fine slanting, extending end of the machine was hollow, with a little slot to open under the seat, did we? Well, it's so; and when I went to look at the auto there it was all smashed open, and inside there were three or four packages of Liberty bonds. Marvin, there's over $20,000 worth of them."

Marvin Dole could scarcely credit his eyesight when he came into the house and Drusilla showed him the packages in question. Each was surrounded by a paper band bearing upon it a notation of contents and the stamped name "Security National Bank." Marvin stared in bewilderment at the layout, unable to figure out how the bonds had ever come into the automobile.

"The only way I can explain it is that some fellows stole the auto and sold it to me, never guessing what it held. The Security National bank? It seems to me there is such an institution over at Covington."

There was, and Marvin's surmise as to the way they came into the automobile proved correct. The bank had been robbed just the day before the three fellows came along with the machine.

"And the bank people handed me a $2,500 check as a recognition of our honesty in restoring the bonds," explained Marvin after a visit to the city. "The old automobile wasn't so bad an investment after all, eh, Drusilla?"

WORLD'S DIRTIEST TOWN.

Pharijong Rests Fifteen Thousand Feet Above Sea Level.

Pharijong, in addition to being the dirtiest town in the world, is said to be the highest — 15,000 feet above sea level. Chilled, weary, and depressed after hours of scurrying by the Tibetan wind in a monotonous valley, the traveler forgets the khaloderous reputation of the place when, rounding a spur, he glimpses its solid fortress lines. Here at least, he thinks, are rest and shelter. It has a magnificent background, an overhanging parapet of cliffs 10,000 feet high, the Sacred Mountain Chomiolhari, the Mother of Eternal Snow, venerated by lamas and pilgrims.

On the plain, well away from the town, is a walled Post over which the Union Jack flies—a telegraph office on the line to Lhasa.

Some laugh at its isolation from the native buildings as a sign of British supercilious aloofness, but, condemned to spend years at Phari, I think I would reside in a suburb, even if I had to build the suburb myself, writes Capt. J. B. L. Noel, of the Mount Everest Expedition.

Why Phari is so dirty nobody can explain. Other Tibetan towns are quite different. The houses, built of mud strengthened with the bones, horns, hair, and skins of dead cattle, seem buried beneath the offal of the stables, and you descend to the ground floor from the high level of the refuse outside. Within, greasy soot from yak dung fires coats everything, hangs in wisps and festoons which caress the bold visitor's face and tangle themselves in his hair.

In the "streets," children play in stinking pools wrapped in rags and matted in filth. Yet they are jolly, spirited, happy youngsters.

If you recoil from the drains which are the thoroughfares, you can inspect the whole town by walking over the roofs and jumping across the "roads." The hovels rise in terraces and cluster round the Jong, the fortress that crowns the hill. From its battlements you look over the whole town, a panorama of flat, turreted roofs broken only by the mangy prayer poles and fluttering prayer flags.

The sound of the bowling of many dogs floats up — many curs of the slums, ever trying to satisfy their hunger on the house refuse which is thrown into the streets to rot. With the ravens, they are the scavengers of the place.

Two Lhasa Governors, in gorgeous robes of Chinese silk, embroidered in green and mauve, live within the walls of the Jong. An enormous purple lampshade serves for headdress for one of them. Members of the Order of the Backward Sloping Peacock's Eye, and of the Order of the Crystal Button, they sit in their castle, their long, carefully-manicured nails (the latter which is affected by sleeves that almost sweep the ground.

There, at the receipt of custom, they collect taxes from the caravans who gather at Phari from Bhutan, Nepal, India, and the interior of Tibet, for from Phari is a great trade centre. The amount they must send to Lhasa is fixed annually by the Central Government with these local Governors, but the taxes them a free hand in the collection. They receive no pay, and the difference between what they collect and what they are compelled to remit to the capital is their remuneration.

Rigid rules of etiquette govern the transaction of business with natives. A traveler first pays a call of ceremony, at which it is considered impolite even to refer to the object or reason of his presence. Compliments are exchanged, with scarves of honor and preliminary presents. It is a sort of "first round" with the old opponents watch for new tricks and new ones take each other's measure. On the second visit comes the real battle of wits, fraud, and finally, if subtlety, but deadly serious.

Meanwhile, outside, the scavenging dogs and ravens fight with each other, assert themselves with deadly pertinacity even in the face of the roaring energy of the incessant cleansing wind.

Railway Tunnels.

Notable railway tunnels of the world are the Simplon, in the Alps, connecting Italy and Switzerland, length 12 miles; Mount St. Gothard, connecting Italy and Switzerland, 9¼ miles; Mount Cenis, also in the Alps, between France and Italy, 8 miles; Arlberg, in Austria, 6 miles; the Connaught, on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, under Mount Macdonald, of the Selkirk Range of the Rocky Mountains, in British Columbia, 5 miles in length, with two miles more in the bosom of the mountain at the layout, unable to figure out how the bonds had ever come into the automobile.

"The only way I can explain it is that some fellows stole the auto and sold it to me, never guessing what it

IN THE TWILIGHT

By GEORGE E. COBB

(Copyright, 1926, Western Newspaper Union.)

It was a strange, a terrifying and a perilous position, that in which Wylie Burton found himself, and after its climax the details of the peculiar environment impressed themselves upon his mind during all his life.

He had entered an upper floor of a large mercantile building and was busy adjusting a disputed account with the cashier of a wholesale millinery firm, when there rang out the echoing ominous cry of:

"Fire!"

In a single instant all was alarm and confusion. Shouts above and below increased and dense smoke filled the building. There was a rush for the windows and fire escapes and Burton was tumbled about in the vortex of madly crowding men and shrieking women and girls. He ran into a hallway to find that the elevators had stopped running, the stairway impassable.

He noted the figure of a woman rushing back from the suffocating smoke into a large room. He followed her, thinking she might be more familiar with the structure than himself. He saw her lift up the sash of a broad window looking out upon the street. She strained her gaze below and then sprang to the sill, amid her clamor designing a leap to destruction.

"Don't think of that!" cried Burton, reaching her side and drawing her back from the abyss she so desperately courted. "See! Escape is impossible that way."

Wylie Burton thrilled. She was a young woman past twenty with a delicate refined face, presenting rather soulfulness than mere beauty. It was the helpless appealing expression of her eyes that somehow lifted his thoughts beyond fear or danger. She spoke not, amid perfect trustfulness. Her eyes quivered, drooped, and as if reading in his own power, strength, sacrifice, with a gentle sigh she drew closer to his protecting arm and buried her face at his breast like a frightened child shutting out some dread-inspiring spectacle.

A sense of power, patience, heroism caused Wylie Burton to feel that the charge of a precious human life was his. He glanced past the window sill. The street below was a chaos of fire engines, scaling ladders and a surging mass of humanity. He freed one hand and waved it, shouting wildly. There came a responsive call and he knew that he was seen. Then he pityingly, almost tenderly, gazed down at the fair head pillowed so trustingly on his breast. The girl's hands clasped his shoulders, but the terror had died out and she was calm, resigned, in his companionship appearing to feel that he was her refuge of hope and security. A great breath of relief swept Burton's lips as the fire hat died out there. He was safe, and in his own arms lay the woman he was to love.

"They are coming to our rescue," he spoke soothingly. Fearless eyes met his own. Her lips quivered as if eager to frame some message of gratitude, then they gazed his cheek, only, once, softly, tenderly, and it seemed to him he would brave any peril to possess the bold that clinging form in his embrace.

A helmeted fireman appeared and lifted the girl through the sashless aperture. He instructed Burton to wait until the ropes were on the ground and then make his own descent. There was but one thought in the mind of the latter—of the being he had met, loved as in a hypnotic flash, and parted from all within a few moments. She had disappeared in the crowd, however, and inquiry then and for days succeeding failed to establish her whereabouts or identity.

"She was probably some country buyer," surmised one of the salesmen, "and was caught in the fire before she had made any purchases."

At the end of a year Wylie Burton was still inspired with the recollection of the girl of the terrible, yet precious, vital moments when he expected to perish with her.

His business took him half way across the state several times a year, and because train service was poor he had started to walk from Wolverton to Espay, towns only four miles apart. He had accomplished over half the distance when he came upon a farmer's lad seated on a log and holding a bandbox on his knees.

"Oh, say, mister," he spoke. "You aren't going to Espay, are you?"

"Why, yes," assented Burton.

"Well, maybe you can do something for me. See this bandbox? Well, it holds a lady's hat. I found it by the roadside where it had probably fallen from some automobile. This label on it shows that it came from Miss Forsythe's millinery store at Espay. Would you mind delivering it there?"

"I will be glad to," replied Burton, and started on his way with it to locate a neat little millinery establishment. It was just getting on toward dusk. In the twilight haze a lady approached as he entered.

"I have brought some property which I think came from here," he began, and paused.

And she, too. In utter silence they stood, two souls hovering upon the brink of a marvelous revelation. For a year her picture only had filled his mind, for a year every waking hour she had longed to meet and again the man who had faced death with her.

And eye to eye—soul to soul—they stood, realizing each that fate should part them no more.

STARTLED SURGEONS.

Removing Splinter From Finger Restored Speech and Hearing.

It was a blow on the neck during a boxing match that left Ernest Babbage deaf and dumb for two years. Quite recently he got a splinter in his finger and went to a doctor to have it removed. It was so deeply embedded, and the finger so badly inflamed, that the surgeon recommended an anaesthetic. The splinter was removed, then, as the patient came round, an attendant touched him.

"Leave me alone!" he cried loudly and clearly. "I'm quite all right." He was, and now hears and speaks as well as ever he did.

This is by no means the only case in which a surgical operation has had a result not expected by the operator. A blind man who was also dumb, was sent from a Northamptonshire village to a specialist in Bedford, says a writer in Answers.

An operation was to be performed for the man's benefit, and while waiting for it the patient fell over a chair. When he was picked up it was found that he could speak. The operation on his eyes was successful, and now he can see also.

Another blind man was brought to a Birmingham hospital to be operated upon for tumor on the brain, which threatened his life. The operation was successful and, to the patient's surprise and delight, his sight returned.

Then there was a man of thirty, whose case is recorded in the Lancet, who was operated on for cataract in the Glasgow Ophthalmic Institute. He had been blind from birth. The operation successfully restored his sight, but here is the extraordinary thing — the first time he saw the color yellow it made him quite sick. On the other hand, red gave him the greatest pleasure.

In 1914 a Hungarian called Szikely, who was in the state prison of Pennsylvania sentenced to thirty years for murder, had a dreadful accident, resulting in his head being hit open and the skull damaged. The man was a giant brute, hardly human, who inspired sheer terror in his fellow-prisoners.

The prison doctor had to operate in a hurry to save the man's life. Szikely recovered rapidly, and when a few days later he began to walk it was found that his whole character and even his very expression had changed. He had been gentle, bright, kindly, intelligent person, obedient, cheerful, and ready to help the warders or his fellow-prisoners in any way possible.

Even after the effects of the operation was performed it was found that a piece of bone was pressing on the brain, and this when removed left the boy became quite a different being, cheerful, pleasant, and intelligent.

One most astonishing case was that of Miss Annie Ellison, a girl who was badly injured in an automobile accident, as a result of which the whole of the skin was stripped from the upper part of her left arm. Grafting was necessary, and a negro servant, who was ready to do her mistress, offered a part of her skin.

The operation was successful, but after the wound had healed the skin of the girl's arm began to turn black, and this continued until the whole of the injured part was as black as the skin of the negro girl herself.

Ants Help Surgeons.

In this country the beech is perhaps the only living creature which is made use of by physicians, but the Abeculapius, or surgeon, of the East finds the services of a certain ant of inestimable value.

As soon as an operation is completed, and the surgeon has closed the incision, the services of the ants are requisitioned. Their part in the operation is the stitching of the wound caused by the knife.

With the aid of a delicate pair of pincers, the surgeon seizes an ant by the nape of the neck and places the incision with the fingers of his left hand. The ant is then brought into contact with the wound.

It instinctively begins to nibble from the pincers the pugnacious creature closes its jaws, biting through the skin and joining the two edges together.

Its nibbling on earth is now over. For its services the creature is rewarded with decapitation, the head and pincer-like jaws being left firmly clasped over the incision.

This procedure is repeated with other ants until the whole length of the wound is completely closed.

The method is said to be much more satisfactory than either thread or silver wire, and the part is also believed to heal more speedily by this method of treatment than by any other.

SPECIAL

for a few days

—

Ungraded Peas

1's, 2's and 3's

Packed in Two's

2 Tins for 25c.

—

Webster's Grocery

(Sign of Quality)

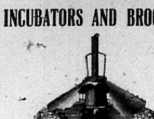
Pa's Son-in-Law

By WELLINGTON

IF YOU REMEMBER—MA AND PA'S COUSIN ANDY'S WIFE WERE ABOUT TO START, YESTERDAY, TO ANNIHILATE EACH OTHER OVER THE MIX-UP IN HUSBANDS CAUSED BY THE RESEMBLANCE BETWEEN PA AND COUSIN ANDY.
WE PROMISED YOU THE RESULT TODAY, SO—
HERE IT IS!
SON-IN-LAW
GOSH, LEM, H-NOW DID WE GET INTO THAT B-BATTLE? I THOUGHT IT WAS TH' WOMEN-FOLKS THAT CRAVED ACTION!
BE-WELL, THEY WERE JUST ABOUT T' START THEIR HAIR-PULLIN' WHEN MA SAYS, "WAIT A MINUTE—THIS LOOKS LIKE OUR FIGHTING IS ALL WRONG! LADIES DON'T DO THIS SORT OF THING!"
"AND BESIDES," SHE SAYS, "I BELIEVE YOU TO BE PERFECTLY INNOCENT OF REALLY WANTING MY HUSBAND, AS YOU MUST SURELY BELIEVE ME TO BE OF WANTING YOURS—FOR WHAT WOMAN WOULD WANT EITHER OF THOSE GREASY LOOKS SHE WAS MARRIED TO HIM?" TO WHICH YOUR WIFE AGREED AND PEACE WAS DECLARED!
BUT-THEY HAD A LOT O' ROUGH STUFF IN THEIR SYSTEMS THAT HAD T' COME OUT SO THEY DECIDED THAT YOU AN' ME HAD CAUSED TH' WHOLE BLAMED MIX-UP BY LOOKIN' SO MUCH ALIKE AND SHOULDN'T GET OFF SCOT-FREE! ER—WHICH WE DIDN'T!
BY WELLINGTON

Wilson's - Hardware

The Poultry Business Pays
Let us Demonstrate our
IDEAL
INCUBATORS AND BROODERS



HIGH IN PRODUCTION
LOW IN COST

D. B. WILSON
PHONE 138

Radios and Batteries

Auhorized Dealers for Stromberg-Carlson and DeForest Crossley Radios

These sets can be heard any night by appointment.

We carry a full line of Eveready Radio Batteries; all styles and prices. Phones and Speakers.

We have just installed one of the latest type Chargers to look after your car or radio storage battery.

Get your Radio License from us

Then if you are about to wire your house, or have any of your wiring equipment altered give us a call. Estimates given freely.

The Thermo Wafer Heater has no equal.

We carry a complete line of Fixtures, Shades, Heating Appliances, Irons, Toasters, Percolaters, Curling Tongues.

National Electric Ranges; also the Beach Electric Range.

Call and see our new line in Heaters. The Tropical Heater is one that drives away cold. Just the thing to save lighting the furnace during the early fall months.

Floor Waxer and Polisher to rent

One 3-burner Moffat Electric stove for sale—Cheap.

Vine's Electric Shop

Market Square. - 'Phone 367
Residence Phone 112-F.

WHERE RESTS
YOUR LOVED ONE

there place the most enduring, the most beautiful evidence of your affection and devotion possible to obtain—a monument in Imperial Marble or Granite, designed, carved and erected by us, specialists in this work.

We will make special designs for you at the lowest possible cost.

Talk it over with

WM. M. HOWITT,
Napanee, - Ontario

Having a Large Stock of Flour, Feeds, and Grain

we will sell for Cash, or Approved Joint Notes, as follows for 30 days:

Flour	$4.35 per cwt.
Bran	$1.60 per cwt. or $31.00 per ton
Shorts	$1.70 per cwt. or $33.00 per ton
Ground Screenings,	$1.60 per cwt. or $31.00 per ton
White Middlings,	$2.10 per cwt. $41.00 per ton

All kinds of Grain and Seeds, and Hay, in car lots.

Also Frost Fencing and Gates.

Subscribers call for your Directory

Fred A. Perry
Opposite Campbell House

FREE!

One pair candlesticks given away with every 50c. tin Rogers' Brushing Lacquer. Easy to apply, dries in 30 minutes. All shades.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

BASKETBALL

Two very interesting games of basketball were played in the Collegiate Institute gymnasium, before a large and excited crowd, on Friday evening, the Trenton High School team was here to play in Napanee's first home game in the Bay of Quinte League and they brought a second team along to play a second team from the Collegiate. The game between the second teams was played first, and the spectators made up in excitement what was lacking in quality of basketball, first, Trenton had much the better of the play and at half-time the score was 15-6 in their favor, but in the second half, Napanee woke up and near the end of the game were only a short distance behind. From this time the excitement was tremendous, as Napanee tried to cut down Trenton's lead, and Trenton tried to hold off the Napanee attacks and increase their lead. With only one minute to play Napanee scored a basket and secured a lead of one point. Trenton tried hard to regain this lead, but the game ended with Napanee still one point in advance and the final score read: Napanee 24—Trenton 23.

The line-up of the teams was as follows:

Trenton H. S.—Forwards, Campbell, Aziz; centre, Langdon; guards, Carter, Rathbun; spares, Whyte, Baker.

Napanee C. I.—Forwards, Vick, Gilbride; centre, Wartman; guards Graham, Anderson; spares Mutton, Reid, Gibson.

In the league game which followed, Napanee took the lead from the first whistle and never headed. It was a splendid exhibition of basketball, and was rather an eye-opener for those who were seeing the game for the first time. Napanee's splendid defense work and passing made the game seem a one-sided, but the lack of interest on this account was more than outweighed by the rapidity of the play. Trenton played well, but were handicapped by the strange floor, and the game ended 47-22 in favor of Napanee.

The teams for this game were:

Trenton H. S.—Forwards, Nelson, Taylor; centre, Edwards; guards Purdy, Smith; spares, Corkill, Reynolds.

Napanee C. I.—Forwards, Ballard, Merritt; centre, Wright; guards, Cowle, Deline; spares, Corkill, Gilbride, Conway.

In the League the standing is now as follows:

	Played	Won	Lost	Points
Belleville H. S.	2	2	0	4
Napanee C. I.	2	1	1	2
Albert College	2	1	1	2
Trenton H. S.	2	0	2	0

RAYON PLANTS.

Unusually Favorable Conditions In Canada For Its Manufacture.

The basis of all rayon or artificial silk is cellulose and the principal constituent of wood pulp. It is said that in her vast forests Canada has mighty resources of the chief raw material of the industry. For a good many years Canada has supplied much of the sulphite pulp used for manufacture by the principal countries engaging in the trade, mainly the United States, Great Britain, and Central European countries, but on account of the unusually favorable conditions for the manufacture in Canada an industry is being built up in the Dominion on sound ground.

In 1924, Certain-teed Ltd. the largest manufacturers in the United Kingdom, established a plant at Cornwall, Ontario, at a cost of $2,500,000. This was the forerunner of many others. The Canadian Celanese, Ltd., capitalized at $7,000,000, is constructing a large plant at Drummondville, Quebec, and the Canadian Cellulose Company, a subsidiary of an important pulp and paper manufacturing company, is to operate at Cornwall. Two British Columbia pulp and paper companies have been carrying on experiments with a view to utilization of hemlock for the production of cellulose and there is every prospect of establishment to this end. Many other companies are reported to be contemplating entering the field, which Canadian resources, both of wood reserves and natural power supplies, are particularly adapted to support.

Boy Writes Backwards.

Willie Cozens, a six-year-old boy in a London hospital, is suffering from a rare disease called madeira, a brain condition which causes him to write backwards. All his writing has to be held up to a mirror before it can be read.

The right side of the brain normally governs the left side of the body, but in this case there is a transference of certain nerve centres from the left to the right side.

This boy writes with his left hand, and from the right side of the paper to the left. Except for a slightly slower, he is bright and normally intelligent.

In another case, a girl, although able to write normally, can write backwards with equal facility.

Food for Thought!

EAT more FISH

SPECIAL THIS WEEK

Finan Haddie at..... 12½ lb.
15 lb. box for..... $1.80

We also have a variety of FRESH FROZEN FISH

British Columbia Salmon.
White Fish.
Haddock.
Mackerel.
Cod.
Fillet of Haddie.
Lake Superior Herring.
Sea Herring.

FRANK H. PERRY,
'Phone 130. GROCER.
11-ap

Rum, Honey and Tamarac Balsam is the best preparation we know of for stubborn coughs and colds. 35c. a bottle at Wallace's.

GRACE UNITED CHURCH

REV. W. P. WOODGER, B.A., Minister.

11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Adult Classes.

10.30 a.m.—Public Worship.

7.00 p.m.—Evening Worship.

Monday 7.30 p.m.—Young People's League.

Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.—Prayer meeting.

Visitors cordially invited to all services.

Hockey Match.

The management of the Napanee Hockey team have arranged an exhibition game on Wednesday night, Feb. 9th, with Trenton Junior O.H.A. team. This should be one of the best games of the season. Trenton juniors won their group and played off with Brockville Juniors in the first round and were defeated by only one goal on the round. All the Trenton team will be here for the game. This is the first appearance of a Trenton team in Napanee in years and should attract the largest crowd of the season. The locals are going good and are out to win this game their fourth straight. All the regulars will be in the line-up. The Trenton team are a smooth working team and they have several outstnding players in their line-up. Be sure and see this game.

Winter Races at Deseronto.

The annual winter races held at the Deseronto Driving Park attracted a crowd of about seven hundred people. The three classes, 2.35, B, and C, produced some nice racing and there were many neck-and-neck finishes. In the "C" Class the order of the horses was:

Doris Winger	1	1	1
Happy Mack	2	2	2
Tom Tyner	3	3	3
Lazy Mutt	3	6	6
Doris Patch	4	4	4
Penalty	6	5	5
Judge Murphy		dr	

B Class:

Margaret Penalty	1	1	2
Kelly Todd	3	2	1
Dr. Byron	2	3	4
Joe Turrif	4	4	3

A Class:

Miss Penalty	1	1	1
Minnie Hal	2	2	2
Elsie Axtell	5	3	3
Belle Carando	4	4	4
Babe Direct	3	5	4

Bay Parsonage, Napanee.

On Saturday, Feb. 5th, 1927, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Asselstine, of Frankford, Ont., spent most of the day at the Parsonage, celebrating their thirty-third wedding anniversary with their friends and in witnessing the marriage of their son, Arthur E. Asselstine, of Frankford, to Miss Jessie M. Sharpe, of Wooler. The ceremony took place at 12 a.m., and was performed by Rev. Dr. Byron. Immediately at once all sat down to dinner. The bride looked very pretty in her wedding dress of Rosewood Crepe-de-Chene. The happy couple left on the five o'clock train for Athens and other places in Eastern Ontario on their short trip. The bride and groom intend to make their home near Frankford. Mr. A. C. Asselstine was united in marriage to Miss Lydia E. Wagar of Enterprise, on Feb. 5th, 1884, and lived for some years at Ernesttown. They have many friends and relatives in and around Napanee.

VanLuven, 'Phone 92—Quality coal and wood—Quality service. A BLACK BUSINESS HANDLED 8-tf WHITE.

County Council.

In a report of Saturday's proceedings we were in error in stating that the resolution to structure plans for the diversion of the Hamburgh road was carried. Following are the resolutions relating to the matter:

Moved by J. W. Clark, seconded by F. Boyes, that the Highways Department of the Province of Ontario be requested to have a survey made of a proposed diversion of County Road No. 8, known as the Hamburgh road at a point southerly of the Mooney railway crossing, thence north westerly to the corporation limits of the Town of Napanee, entering the corporation at Centre street, thence following Centre street northerly to connect with the Provincial Highway at Dundas street, and also to make a survey of the railway crossing to see if it be possible to build a subway near the present railway crossing and thus make this road safe for traffic.

Moved in amendment by Fisher and Judge that the matter lay on the table until the June session.

Summer Resort Hotels Announce Season's Dates.

While winter sports are yet in vogue and Spring seems far away, there are many people planning for the summer vacation, and others are making preparations for those who plan now. Officials of the Hotel Department of the Canadian National Railways, for instance, are now busy with the railway crossing summer months and A. S. McLean, General Superintendent, has issued a statement regarding the opening and closing of the company's summer resort hotels during the coming season. Jasper Park Lodge, situated in Jasper National Park, Alberta, will have the longest season, opening on May 21st and continuing until September 30, a feature of the autumn being the golf tournament with the silver tottem pole trophy as the visible prize of championship. Minaki Lodge, at Minaki, Ontario, will open on June 17th, and close on September 11; Highland Inn, on July 1, to September 15; Camps Nominingan and Minnewing, July 1 to August 31; Nipigon Lodge, June 15 to September 15; Pictou Lodge, June 25 to September 12, and Grand Beach Hotel June 24 to September 5.

Roll Wrapping in all widths. Cotton Twine in cones. EXPRESS PRINTING HOUSE.

BAY CIRCUIT

Rev. R. J. Merriam, Pastor

Anderson Church: Sunday 10.30 a.m. Public worship at 11 a.m.

Sand Hill Church—Public worship 2.30 p.m.

Gretna Church: Public worship 7.30 p.m.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church:

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

8.00—Holy Communion.
10.30—Morning prayer.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening prayer.

Swine Marketing Course.

On Monday and Tuesday, February 14th and 15th, a special Swine Marketing Course, consisting of lectures, motion pictures, a study of carcasses, and the judging of live hogs, will be held at Enterprise. Representatives from the Dominion Live Stock Branch, and D. A. McKinnon, Swine Specialist, from Peterboro, will be the instructors. Every farmer is invited to be present at the opening session in Keech's Hall at 1.30 on Monday. On Wednesday, the 16th, F. C. Hast will be the special speaker on cooperation.

The New Hydro Rates.

Some Hydro Electric bills made out under the new re-adjustment rates, have been sent out and show that the new rates in most instances will not greatly increase the cost to consumers. An establishment using 71 K.W.H. in December for lighting, paid $3.03, being 66 K.W.H. at 4c. and 51 K.W.H. at 4c. The new bill reads: Service charge $1.11; 62 K.W.H. at 4½c., $2.79, a total of $3.90, or $3.51, plus 10%, the same amount of current had been used the amount would have been $3.51, thus saving of $1.41. The power bill for the same place shows an increase of about 17c. per month, using five horse power motor. Comparison of a number of accounts show the increase in most instances is merely a levelling up of charges with small increases and small decreases.

PLANT "BOLSHIES."

Undesirable Aliens in Some of the Countries They Have Invaded.

The common English blackberry carelessly imported into New Zealand has already covered 100,000 acres of fine dairy land, and is spreading so fast that $50,000 is to be spent in an attempt to destroy it. This is not the first imported plant which has caused trouble in New Zealand.

Watercress, introduced into the islands many years ago, spread so fast and grew to such a size that it choked whole rivers, causing them to overflow their banks and turn dry land into swamp.

Tasmania's plant pest is the sweetbriar. Imported by a homesick settler, it found conditions so much to its liking that it grew into huge, impenetrable thickets. Goats were put upon the land with the idea that they would eradicate the brier, but it proved too much even for the goats, for the hairy linings of the fruit killed the animals.

The biggest and most disastrous blunder of its kind was the introduction of the prickly pear into Australia. It is said that an American girl brought a cutting from California to remind her of her old home.

To-day 7,500,000 acres of Queensland and New South Wales are overrun by the plant. In some districts you can ride for hundreds of miles without seeing a break in the dense growth, and no one will hold land on any terms in the pear country.

Scottish heather, planted in the Tongariro National Park, in the North Island of New Zealand, has grown so thickly that it has become a nuisance and the authorities are grubbing it up. In the Argentine the common Scottish thistle has given the end of trouble, growing to a great height and covering huge areas of pasture.

Just over thirty years ago someone who admired the lovely blue of the water hyacinth imported it from South America into Florida. Within five years the plant had choked nearly every river in the State, including the great St. John's, the main artery of water traffic. Bit by bit it crept on and many other streams. Curiously enough, this great spurt of growth seemed to exhaust it, and within a few years it began to decrease.

A Fish With a Living Lantern.

There lives in sheltered harbors about certain islands in the Banda Sea, in the East Indies, a small fish appearing in minnow-like swarms, which possesses the power of shedding a bright light at will from a stripe-like patch under each eye. The actual light-production is continuous, and does not appear in flashes as is the case with most light-producing creatures of the waters, or with fireflies; but it can be "turned off" when the fish wishes not to be visible, by means of a muscular arrangement that covers it like an extinguisher. The source of this light has been a puzzle, but recent microscopic examinations show that it is not a case of ordinary phosphorescence, but is due to the presence in an organ in the skin of the cheek with hundreds thousands of minute luminous bacteria specially adapted to exist in this organ, and apparently nowhere else, for it seems impossible to cultivate them artificially. This is one of the most curious cases of symbiosis known, but what advantage the bacteria receives or living in this organ is unknown, while their service to the fish is obvious.

If you want results use the Classified Adv. Column in The Napanee Express.

TRINITY UNITED CHURCH

Rev. W. R. Tanton, Pastor.

10.00 a.m.—Class meeting.
10.30 a.m.—Public Worship.
11.35 a.m.—Church School and Bible Classes.
6.30—Organ recital.
7.00—Evening worship.
Monday, 7.30 p. m. Young People's League.
Wednesday, 7.30—"An Hour of Bible Study."

THE CALL OF HOME

By T. B. ALDERSON

(Copyright, 1926, Western Newspaper Union.)

"Just a moment Jasper, dear," spoke Mildred Wharton to her husband. "I have forgotten something."

Jasper Wharton smiled indulgently in the pleasant manner that was characteristic of him. He only casually viewed the small old cottage at the edge of the town where Mildred had been born and her parents had died. The property had been inherited by Mildred and since the marriage she and Jasper had made it their home.

Just now Jasper regarded it rather superciliously. As his glance swept the smokestack of the only industrial plant in the town he straightened—up under the influence of anticipation of quite a change in his business affairs.

"We would only vegetate here," he soliloquized, "and the one thousand two hundred-dollar salary at the plant would never grow. Uncle Jed Dalton has written me that prospects in the city are good."

When Jasper had told Mildred of his plan growing out of this for removing to the city she had mutely listened to him. She had married him believing it her duty to love, honor and obey and had never swerved from her pledge and duty.

"You know best, dear," she had forced herself to say. "We have been very happy here, but I must not think of anything except your good and progress."

They had packed up and stored the furniture of the house in the attic. Mildred had now gone to take a last look at the picture of her mother lying across a trunk in the attic. Her tears flowed unrestrainedly. She would not allow Jasper to suspect it, but her soul seemed dumbed at the thought of probably forever leaving the spot around which clustered the fondest memories of her life.

Uncle Jed Dalton's home proved a decided dampener to the young couple. Mildred had never met him before and Jasper had not seen him since childhood. He was a wizened, crotchety old man, sullen, parsimonious, and the ancient three-story building in which he lived resembled some barracks. A corner apportioned the sparsely furnished second floor to the invited guests. Then he disclosed his plans.

"I live all alone as you know," he said, "and I thought if Mildred would come downstairs and get me my cup of coffee in the morning and tea at night and sort of keep track of things, and if you, Jasper, would give me an hour evenings attending to my rent books I could let you have the second floor at a mere nominal rent."

Mildred felt pretty glum at the prospect, but tried to look pleasant. Jasper said something about both of them being glad and anxious to make their near relative comfortable and satisfied. In a day or two the old man introduced Jasper to a friend who conducted a mail order business. Jasper was installed as manager. The designation sounded quite good to the young couple at first, but they soon realized that they had made a mistake in trusting in the glowing letter promises of the old man.

Mildred patiently slaved, fully half her time attending to the needs of the whimsical and exacting uncle. The house employing Jasper paid him even less than he had been receiving in his home town, but hinted vaguely at future opulence when they got their enterprise more fully on its feet.

"I've made the mistake of my life," desperately confessed Jasper at the end of three months. "It's all promises and 'the future' with uncle and his friends. Here he has had us move to the third story because there is such a demand for renting space. It will be the roof next," he added quite bitterly.

"But in the end you may really win your ambition," consoled Mildred.

"The city deadens me," replied Jasper, frankly. "Mildred, I have done you a great wrong in bringing you into a situation where I know you are secretly pining your life away."

But patient, generous Mildred refused to complain. "While I am with you, Jasper, no surroundings will make me unhappy," she said tenderly.

Jasper allowed another month to drift by. Mildred noticed that he seemed to be nursing some secret trouble. One day he received a telegram from their home town announcing that an old maiden aunt was expected to die and was urgently asking to see him.

Jasper arranged for an absence from work. Two days later he wrote Mildred a letter that his aunt had died and that he would have to remain until after the funeral. A week went by. Old Jed Dalton grumbled at the complaints of the firm by whom Jasper was employed.

Then came a letter that startled, disconcerted and overjoyed Mildred. It read: "Come home at once. I have sent in my resignation with Conroy & Co. and have engaged the old position here. Tell uncle I am cured of my fallacious city ambitions."

The aunt had left her household furniture and about five hundred dollars in cash to her nephew. Jasper had the old home in order when Mildred sprung into his arms at its gate two days later.

"We were happy here once. We will be all the more so after our wandering experience," said Jasper.

"Oh, home! home! home!" cried Mildred. "There is no place like it. Paradise regained!"

ASSURANCE

THOSE who employ us have the assurance that they will receive the highest degree of service and satisfaction. We are equipped to handle a commission in a thorough manner. Our services are dependable and polite.

MASTERS & PIERNEY UNDERTAKERS
FULL MOTOR EQUIPMENT
MODERN SHOW ROOMS AND MOULDING SHOP
'Phone 130

ODDFELLOWS.

Why Did This Society Adopt This Name?

How the name "Oddfellows" arose is more or less "wropt in mystery." Setting aside explanations which, if ingenious, are somewhat far-fetched, the most likely origin of the word is that advanced by Bro. Shapley, an historian of the Manchester Unity, says London Tit-Bits. He thinks that the society grew out of Freemasonry by masons forming other societies conducted on somewhat similar lines, and that the term "odd" instead of—as now—indicating something grotesque, meant in the past something out of the common, or remarkable. He quotes the rule of a very old lodge in which the Deity is referred to as "our great Oddfellow." Thus "Odd" Fellows would be "God's" Fellows.

Another authority says that the Oddfellows are revivals of the old trade guilds, destroyed at the Reformation, and that as the Masonic Order maintained the traditions of the mason's craft guild, the Oddfellows were those who, not being "masons, masons' dyers, smiths, and so on, were unable to carry on a distinctive club or society, and thus came together as 'odd' fellows—those left out, as it were. So much for the name.

The "Oddfellows," as such were formed in the eighteenth century, but with the intermediate link of the trade guilds they stretch back to Roman times. From a marbel monument found at Lanurium, near Rome it is clear that the practice of combination for providing decent burial and periodically spending a convivial time in each others' company, was a feature of the life of the "ancient Romans, and those two objects (with others) have always been part of Oddfellowship. Some indeed, contend that the Roman legions founded lodges in Britain!

Most of us know the Oddfellows as a great Friendly Society, or as one of the "approved" societies of the Insurance Act, but it is also a "secret society." The signs, passwords, oath, degrees, initiation ceremony, regalia, tyled doors at its meetings, and the like. Its ritual is allied to that of the Freemasons, and cannot, of course, be disclosed here.

In 1797, because it was a "secret society," it fell under the ban of the Corresponding Societies Act, and the Order and lodges were very severely hit. But revival came and the "Manchester Unity" formed in 1810, pulled the remnants together, and after internal troubles had been overcome the Order took its place in the British nation as a great friendly society.

The adult members in Great Britain alone number 734,479.

Barbary Sheep.

Six Barbary sheep, whose parents were brought from the mountains of Northern Africa, have been born at the Zoological Gardens, London. They are veritable "little bounders," for within an hour of birth they could be seen on the sides of their home on the Mappin Terraces, and were to be seen surveying the world from the highest pinnacles.

Barbary sheep are a bellicose lot, and when the males are not fighting the females of the herd are mother pheasants her younsters so zealously that she will not allow another to approach too near.

"If the females keep fighting too long a male comes along and stops them," said the keeper; "but, as a rule, the one who fights loses and squeak, as much as to say, 'Enough,' when she is allowed to depart in peace. The males squeak too when vanquished."

The Size of Europe.

Europe forms only about one-fourteenth of the land surface of the globe.

Asia extends over nearly one-third of the land surface of the globe.

Africa has about three times the area of Europe.

North America is a little less than twice the size of Europe; and South America is a little more than one and three-fourth times the size of Eurose.

ONTARIO BUSINESS COLLEGE, LIMITED
BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO.

Has for 58 years maintained the highest standards in thorough business training. Students come here from Newfoundland, Bermuda, British West Indies, South America, the United States and all parts of Canada.

Write for the College catalogue.

J. L. MOORE, Principal.

dec31

Canning Produce Wanted

We are open to contract for a limited acreage of Corn, Peas and Tomatoes.

Call and see our representative at the Royal Hotel, Napanee, on any Saturday afternoon beginning January 8th.

The E. C. Metcalfe Canning Company

WONDERLAND

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

"SUBWAY SADIE," with Dorothy Mackaill, Jack Mulhall and Charles Murray in the featured roles.

Also two good comedies.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

"COMPROMISE," the Warner Bros. Classic of the Screen, starring Irene Rich.

Also a 2-reel Western.

Also a two reel comedy.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

Hoot Gibson in "THE PHANTOM BULLET," a Universal Jewel. The rest of the cast is an excellent one.

And a special comedy.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

Napanee's Leading Theatre
The Home of Good Photo Plays.

"Whatever ye shall ask the Father in my name He shall give it to you," John 16-23; "My sheep shall never perish, neither shall any man pluck them out of my hand," John 10-28; "The secret of the Lord is with them that fear Him, and He will show them His covenant," Ps. 25-14; "If we confess our sins He is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness," I. John 1-9; "The Lord hath appeared unto me of old saying, yea I have loved thee with an everlasting love: therefore with loving kindness have I drawn thee," Jer. 31-3; "I can do all things through Christ which strengtheneth me," Phil. 4-13.

He leadeth me! O blessed thought! O words with heavenly comfort fraught!

Whate'er I do, where'er I be,
Still 'tis God's hand that leadeth me.

A BIBLE LOVER.

MR. MILLER SLEEPS LIKE LOG, EATS ANYTHING

"After taking Adlerika I can eat anything and sleep like a log. I had gas on the stomach and couldn't keep down food nor sleep," signed G. C. Miller. ONE spoonful Adlerika removes GAS and often brings surprising relief to the stomach. Stops that full, bloated feeling. Often brings out old waste-matter you never thought was in your system. Excellent for chronic constipation. Wallace's Drug Store.

VanLuven, 'Phone 92—Quality coal and wood—Quality service. WE MAKE IT HOT FOR YOU.

FREE

Introductory Offer for This Week

35c. Value for 20 Cents

A full size can of Baker's Southern Style Cocoanut

Free

with each half pound package of

Premium Shred Cocoanut at 20c.

Webster's Grocery

Sign of Quality.

Always fresh! Your favorite Laura Secord Candy, direct from the factory. Studia, at Wallace's, 60c, a lb.

Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

Lumbago	Neuritis
Headache	Toothache
Colds	Neuralgia
Pain	Rheumatism

DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART

Safe

WARNING!
Beware of Counterfeits

There is only one genuine "ASPIRIN" tablet. If a tablet is offered as "ASPIRIN" and is not stamped with the "Bayer Cross"—refuse it with contempt—it is not "ASPIRIN" at all! Don't take chances!

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid (Acetyl Salicylic Acid, "A. S. A."). While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Roman Numerals on Clock Dials.

Clock dials employing Roman numerals use IIII, instead of IV. Just why is somewhat of a mystery, but several theories have been advanced to account for the practice. Clock makers have a tradition that they say accounts for the practice.

It is said that about 1370 a clock maker named Henry de Vick made a clock for Charles V. of France, who was popularly known as Charles the Wise. Although the king was reputed to have great wisdom, he often pretended to know things that he did not understand. When Vick submitted the clock for his approval, Charles examined it and complained that there was an error on the dial.

"The IV.," he said, "should be III."

"Your majesty is wrong," replied Vick.

"I am never wrong," thundered back Charles. So the clock maker changed the IV. to IIII., and ever since it has been the practice of clock makers.

Messenger Shells.

For some time past the Germans have been making use of a special "message" shell both for liaison work within their lines and for throwing propaganda material into the allies' trenches.

This missile is a tin tube, about ten inches long and one inch in diameter, with wings at its base. The top of the shell contains a box destined to inclose messages; below is a space filled with fireworks; at the base there is a shotgun cartridge, the explosion of which propels the whole and lights the fireworks in midair. This projectile is fired by a "granatenwerfer," grenade by a rifle, and can be thrown a distance of 600 yards.

Prairie Provinces' Forests.

According to estimate the Prairie Provinces support about 100 million acres of forest, which is controlled by the Dominion Government. Only one-quarter of the area contains merchantable trees.

Peggy's Donation

By MILDRED WHITE

Make Your Own Soap!
with waste fats and
GILLETT'S
PURE FLAKE LYE
Full Directions for making hard and soft soap with every can.
IT SAVES YOU MONEY!
E. W. GILLETT CO. LTD.
TORONTO, CAN.

When the village lawyer looked up and saw Peggy standing in the doorway, his brow wrinkled perplexedly. Where had he seen that eager, smiling face before? The appealing glance of the dark eyes was also familiar.

"Come in," he said, and waited.

Peggy advanced into the room, before his desk she paused hesitatingly. "I came," she said, "to see if you would try me in Billie's place. Of course, I know that I could never do the work that Billie did, but if I could help out with your typing, and the phone, I would be satisfied with just a little salary."

The lawyer's face brightened. "Billy is your brother?" he questioned, "that accounts for the resemblance which puzzled me."

The girl nodded. "We are twins," she replied, "grandfather brought us up here in his home town. We don't remember our parents, but if Billie had not hurried away to war, everything was to have ended beautifully."

The lawyer considered; he was harassed by many troubled letters which must be answered. Decisively he pointed to the typewriter, machine. "Sit down and get busy," he invited, with a smile which banished his stern expression.

John Carter cleared his throat in embarrassment before beginning his dictation. But the girl bent busily detached, over the typewriter, and her eyes were clear as a child's.

Each day the lawyer came to depend more upon her assistance, his mail was dispatched with regularity and ease, while he smiled often at the courteous innocence of Peggy's tone, as she placated an impatient client over the telephone.

The girl was even more satisfactory as a confidant; he liked to see her dark eyes widen in indignation over some recital of his own defeat, or turn to merriment at an opposing counsel's expense. And always when the sun came shining through the office window before closing time, he liked to watch the masses of Peggy's hair turning in its flight to burnished gold. Sometimes she would linger thoughtfully, adjusting the sport hat. And the night that Wilkins came in about a Red Cross donation, Peggy made no pretense of going at all.

Wrapt and unconscious of her own fingering she listened to his plea for the needs "out there." Then abruptly the lawyer arose.

"I have given the last cent I'll give for a while, Wilkins," he said.

When the man had departed, Peggy went also, but her cheeks were flaming. Regretting his own impudence, John Carter resolved to go that evening to the meeting of the Red Cross "drive." It was to be held in the church, the town's largest auditorium. He would see Wilkins and retract his decision.

Vaguely disappointed, he looked around the assembly. Peggy was not there. He had counted some way upon her interest, perhaps upon her approval. But after the conclusion of the first speaker's rather tiresome remarks, the girl herself came down the aisle. The lawyer's heart quickened joyously at the sight of the familiar little white frock, the plain linen hat. Then he was recalled to the second speaker. The man pointed eloquently to a service flag upon the wall.

"Ten stars," he repeated, slowly. "Ten boys across the sea! Who will pay their part?" And in the center of the building Peggy arose. "I will," she said, quietly.

There was silence for a moment; ten dollars had seemed to the men in these set is worth first considering. John Carter quickly followed in subscribing.

"One hundred dollars," he announced, crisply.

Almost angrily he sought Peggy at the close of the meeting. "Why did you do that?" he demanded. "You who have so little should not so deprive yourself."

At her proud silence his tone changed. "Unless," he added, "you have other resources than the small payment you consider worthy of your services."

Peggy smiled. "I have no other resources than the payment which you give me," she repeated, "neither have I deprived myself. There was a certain sacrifice about it, I suppose," she conceded, "but so made my donation."

The girl was much in John Carter's thoughts that night.

When she entered the office the following morning, she stood for a moment blushing and diffidently smiling. "I—I was going to ask you to turn your head while I remove my hat," said Peggy, "but better plunge, perhaps, and have it over."

Bewilderedly the lawyer stared at a small round head framed in short cpught-up curls. "My hair," she explained, breathlessly, "that was the donation. I rode into the city last evening on the trolley and sold it for ten dollars. I can keep it turned up with combs until it grows," she added at his evident consternation. "I didn't realize about its making me look too undignified for an office. Oh," sighed Peggy, "won't you want me, any more?"

John Carter came and looked tenderly down on the close cropped head. "Want you," he murmured, "Oh! how I do want you, Peggy."

And into the girl's upraised face came suddenly a joyous answering light.

Thirteen Hundred Years Old.

Already there are thirteen hundred crowded years of history behind York Minster, which dates back to the year 637, when a small wooden church was put up.

The anniversary was kept with fitting ritual recently. Half an hour before midnight on the last day of 1926 the Dean and Chapter met for a solemn act of penitence at a temporary altar in the nave. Just before midnight a procession arrived at the west door of the Minster, and the Archbishop of York knocked thirteen times—once for each century—with his pastoral staff. As the sound of the last knock died away, the door was opened, and he entered to celebrate the long ages of Christian York.

Within the last hundred years the Minster has been the scene of two fires, one of which was caused by a lunatic.

Alcoholic Beverages.

In the year ended March 30, 1926, Canada imported alcoholic beverages to the value of $25,254,073, while her exports to foreign countries footed up to $21,696,468. The previous fiscal year showed exports at $16,225,533 and the year before that $14,854,175. The bulk of the exports being for the U.S.A. In the first seven months of the present fiscal year Canada exported $13,430,398 worth of alcoholic liquor, more than half of this supply being whisky.

C.P.R. Stock.

According to a recent statement of E. W. Beatty, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, the record of the railway's common stock as at June 30th, 1926, indicates that 52½ per cent. is held in Great Britain, 10½ per cent. in Canada and 19 per cent. in the United States.

Her Popular Daughter

By GEORGIANNA HORN

"My daughter," stated the large woman who caught her breath first in the pause in conversation and so got ahead of the other ladies, "my daughter is so terribly popular but sometimes, I declare, I wish I had a child who was so homely that people always spoke of her as having a lovely nature and sweet disposition. Not that Eloise lacks either of those attributes, but folks generally speak of her eyelashes or her color or something obvious like that!

"Just why I haven't been down sick with nervous prostration I don't know —sitting in my room night after night all tense and ready to jump at the slightest noise because three of Eloise's most devoted admirers insisted on all coming at the same time, and you never know whether they were going to fly at one another's throats or not!

"Harry would come in carrying a box of violets and would look with scorn at Greenfield's box of candy—and Percy would arrive just then with a new book of poems and turn pale at the vision of the mundane offerings of the other two. You'd a-thought they'd have liked a chance to go home and catch a mite of sleep, but each one would stick and hang, as if afraid to leave the others in possession of the field.

"Their conversation consisted of growls down deep in their throats and how Eloise ever stood it I can't see. She insisted it was an inspiring situation and seemed to thrive on it, wearing a different gown every night and having her hair marcelled till it's a wonder the roots endured it.

"'Eloise,' I would say to her, 'think of the hordes of unattractive girls sitting at home darning stockings simply because they have not a single beau to dress up for—and release your clutches on three or four of yours! It's pure selfishness to corner the market; and I'm sure if Mr. Hoover finds out you are hoarding admirers as you are something dreadful will happen.'

"'I give you my word there were tears in that child's eyes, Mother, she said, 'they wouldn't leave if I set off dynamite underneath their chairs! And I guess it's true. When a girl is really fascinating all her family can do is to stand it. Of course, if Eloise ate all the candy Greenfield brought, her face would be a sight, but her father and I enjoy it very much, and when Harry's flowers overrun all the space in the house I take a bunch to my sister, whose daughter would be amazed and surprised into a nervous chill if anyone so much as picked her a bouquet of dandelions! I always believe in cheering up those who suffer. I can't do much with Percy's books of poems, but they do to weight down things as well as make the library table look literary!

"I'm only thankful that Eloise ave rid of a beau she had when she was eighteen. He was forty and a widower, with black whiskers. I always thought the whiskers were responsible for the child's temporary fascination, because she was young enough to be expecting birds and things to pop out of 'em any minute. This Mr. Sandmorrow was a collector of ores and rocks and every time he came he would bring Eloise a choice specimen weighing a pound, more or less, and you know how careless girls are!

"Her father was always stumbling onto one in his stocking feet and breaking a toe, and if I tried to take down anything from a closet shelf I was more than likely to get an awful crack over the head from a rock that Eloise had tucked up there in despair of finding any other empty place. All the mahogany was scratched up from Mr. Sandmorrow's ore specimens and there was a long row of them on the mantel, making the house look like a stony mason's sample office.

"But right after him Eloise had the young man who threatened to commit suicide and the lawyer who wanted to read her all his briefs—and her father and I in the library were compelled to listen also—so, altogether, we kind of forgot our troubles with Mr. Sandmorrow.

"I've begged Eloise to freeze some of her admirers out, so that life may be more livable for father and myself, but she's so tenderhearted she couldn't hurt a fly.

"'When I'm making so many of the poor things unhappy, mother,' she says; 'I just have to be nice to them!'

"As I say, I wish she had a pug nose or wore flat heels or something!"

"You poor thing!" sympathized the thin woman who had been turning the heel of a sock and hadn't wanted to talk, anyhow. "I'm glad mine are both boys!"

The Sperm Whale.

The sperm-whale can remain below the surface for about twenty minutes at a time. Then it comes up and breathes fifty or sixty times, taking about ten minutes to do so.

How Chinese Learned.

The Chinese learned how to make paper by watching wasps build their nests.

Ceylon.

Ceylon, an island south of India and like India a British possession, has an area of 25,480 square miles. It is, therefore, about four thousand square miles larger than Nova Scotia. The population exceeds four millions. The bulk of the people are Sinhalese, descendants of a race of northern India that conquered the island in the sixth century B.C. There are also several mixed races. The majority of the natives are Buddhists in religion. The climate is tropical. Tea, coffee, and rubber are extensively cultivated. Colombo, the capital, has a population of 155,000.

The Best Appetizer.

Soup is stated by one doctor to be the best appetizer before a meal, with tea and coffee as a second and third choice.

Hear Ye! Hear Ye! Carload Purchase of the famous Kroehler Chesterfield Suites

Never before in the history of Napanee has such a purchase been made for

Sale Starts 9 a.m. February 9th - *The Gibbard Home Furnishers' Annual February Sale* - *Sale Ends 9.45 p.m. February 25th*

Quality in the End is the Cheapest

One of the outstanding features of this Annual February Sale has been the buying of Kroehler Made Chesterfield Suites. We had our customers' welfare in mind when our buyer made this great purchase. Our aim has always been to give you an article at the lowest possible price, yet not forgetting QUALITY. When you buy one of the famous Kroehler Chesterfield Suites you are guaranteed QUALITY and backed up by our store. We feel that when you stop a moment to think of the values stated below, and when you read of the hidden qualities of this Great Line, you will say "I have just discovered the Secret of Real Economy in Buying my Home Furnishings from Gibbard's—and that is Quality in the End is the Cheapest."

$42.00—Six small davenports to go at slashing prices, covered in good Tapestry—February Sale, $36.00.

Your living room may need another nice chair. We have several odd ones coming with this carload shipment.

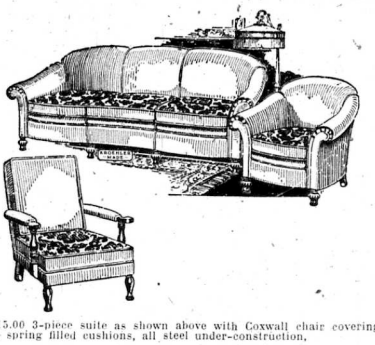
Kroehler Divanettes for small rooms at very low prices. When this is opened it makes a full size bed, has a good mattress. Be sure to see them.

$215.00—Chesterfield by day, bed by night. 3-piece suite has a covered box spring with 88 springs in it. A real comfortable bed. February price, $188.50.

$190.00 Chesterfield Suite, 3-pieces, well designed, February price $171.50.

$175.00—3-pieces at a very low price, a good buy with a beautiful covering. February Sale, $157.50.

$168.00—3-piece Chesterfield Suite, in tapestry covering, special for February Sale, $150.00.



$215.00 3-piece suite as shown above with Coxwall chair covering in Mohair, spring filled cushions, all steel under-construction.

February Sale Price $188.50

Quality. Service.. Satisfaction.

You are invited to see the exhibit of the Famous Kroehler Chesterfield Suites on our floor. We will be showing twenty suites on our main floor. Do not fail to ask us about other lines, wicker chairs and rockers, sliding couches, etc., on balcony floor. Bedroom furniture on second floor new wing of building. The Gibbard Solid Walnut furniture on second floor old wing.

Enjoy the Charm and Style of Custom-made Furniture at Prices you can easily afford

It isn't HOW MUCH YOU PAY but HOW WELL YOU BUY that determines the kind of furniture you have.

For example: In a genuine Kroehler-made living room suite or davenport bed you will get beauty, comfort and latest styles. You friends will BELIEVE it is custom-made. And why not? These stylish new Kroehler Suites have the custom look. They feel custom-built. The charm of color and fabric is there. The lines are obviously distinctive, modern, authoritative. And with the famous Kroehler Hidden Qualities, embodying many improved features of construction, this Kroehler-made furniture is made to OUTLIVE the average furniture by years and years.

Actually, the one outstanding difference between Kroehler Furniture and the strictly hand-built kind is—THE ATTRACTIVE PRICE.

You can buy a Kroehler Suite at most reasonable prices imaginable for such quality. These low prices are possible only because the Kroehler factories produce the largest volume of fine upholstered furniture of any one concern in the world. Materials are purchased in tremendous quantities at lowest cost. Most modern, scientific methods are employed. Thus, manufacturing costs are reduced to a low point,—and our dealers' prices to you show it. If slow, costly, small studio methods were used these identical pieces would cost you many times as much.

Remember—any genuine Kroehler-made piece is FINE QUALITY furniture. The inside is as critically built as the outside.

Frames are of kiln-dried hardwood. Resilient, non-sagging seat springs are heavy, high-carbon wire of Premier quality, flexibly interlocked. Filling is GERM-CURED flax fiber, best moss and cotton. Seat cushions made up of coil springs in pockets. And, in the davenport beds, the folding bed frame is all-steel, fitted with sagless cable fabric and helical springs.

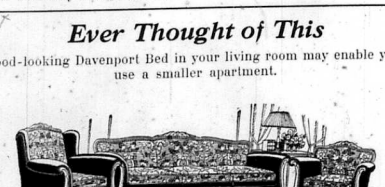
You can buy Kroehler Living Room Suites or Davenport Beds for cash or on easy payments. Be sure the Kroehler name plate is on each piece.

You've Been Waiting for This

Specially made for us. All White Layer Felt Mattress. Guaranteed white, with an extra heavy covering. Ask to see the Gibbard Rest Well Mattress—Advertising price, $18.00.

Ever Thought of This

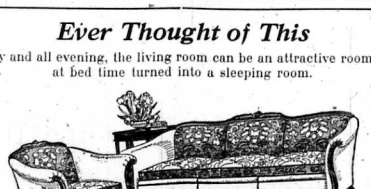
A good-looking Davenport Bed in your living room may enable you to use a smaller apartment.



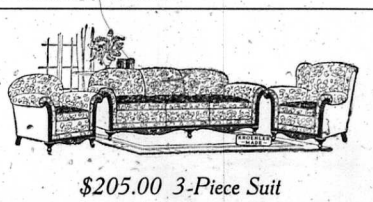
$240.00 3-piece suite, show wood frames, in plain Mohair, with reversible cushions. February price, $210.00.

Ever Thought of This

All day and all evening, the living room can be an attractive room, and at bed time turned into a sleeping room.



$230.00 3-piece suite, covered in Mohair, with reversible cushions, Solid Walnut wood frame. February sale, $197.50.



$205.00 3-Piece Suit

with reversible cushions

Hand-carved frames

February Sale Price $182.50

Remember the Opening Date--Wednesday Morning, February 9th

The Message

Author of "Rainbow Island," "The Pillar of Light," "Wheel of Fortune," Etc., Etc.

Copyright—George J. McLeod, Ltd., Toronto.

He was hardly prepared, therefore, to be received forthwith by a silver-haired, smooth-spoken gentleman, who asked him to recapitulate the main points of his conversation with the Under Secretary at the Foreign Office.

Somewhat mystified, Warden began his recital. After the first two sentences, the official nodded.

"I see you, Captain Warden, I need not trouble you further," he said. "You see, we are not personally known to each other, and in such an exceedingly delicate matter as this threatened difficulty in Nigeria—wherein knowledge is confined to a very small circle—one has to be careful that one is speaking to the right man."

"Did you think it possible, then, that some stranger might have impersonated me?" demanded Warden, his eyes twinkling at the suggestion.

"Quite possible. I have done it myself twice, the first time successfully, the second to the complete satisfaction of our Minister abroad, but hardly in my own, as the two managers of my left hand shot off while making a dash for safety."

Certainly, reflected Warden, there were elements in the life of Whitehall that escaped public notice.

"We have sent for you because you are wanted at once in West Africa," went on the other. "Letters to and from the Governor of Northern Nigeria are culminated in a cablegram from the Governor, asking that you should be recalled from furlough. Though you are attached to the Southern portion of the protectorate, his Excellency has the highest appreciation of your tact and ability. He thinks you are the man best fitted to deal with the natives of the disturbed region. It is not proposed that you should return by the ordinary mail service. We assume that the departure of officers and others for Lagos is closely watched at the present crisis. A passage has been secured on a coasting steamer for a mythical personage named Alfred Williams, Initials on baggage or linen, therefore, cannot cause inquiry. Now, the Water Witch sails from Cardiff by Saturday afternoon's tide, and we would like Mr. Alfred Williams to be on board that morning."

Warden looked blankly at the speaker. It was then Thursday. He left him little more than a day in which to unravel the mystery that enveloped Evelyn and her whereabouts. A bitter rage welled up in his breast, but he controlled his face, and the official attributed his silence to the suddenness of his suggested departure.

"I am sorry that your leave should be spoiled in this fashion," continued the quiet voice. "But it is unavoidable. The thing presses. And I have scarcely to tell you that when Government wants a man's service, it is good for the man."

"I shall be on board the Water Witch on Saturday," said Warden.

Perhaps the lack of enthusiasm in his manner was puzzling, but the sum of that paid no heed to it.

"And now for your instructions," he said. "The vessel touches at Cape Coast Castle before going on to Lagos. You will be met there by some officer whom you are acquainted with. He will tell you the exact position of affairs, and what, if any, developments have taken place in the meantime. He will also give you the Governor's views as to the way in which your experience of the country can be best be utilized. I leave it to you to take the necessary precautions to conceal your movements and, identity, and I am authorized to hand you £250 to meet any expenses incidental to your mission. Your passage on the Water Witch is paid for, by the way."

Again the elder man failed to understand why the young officer should laugh with the affected air of one who bids Fate do her worst. Certainly, the situation had in it some element of comedy. Here was he being showered on Warden from the skies — promotion and distinction were thrust upon him—yet he was as miserable as any man in England that day.

"Something on his mind—is it a woman?" mused the shrewd official, and the time came when he remembered the idle fancy.

In the freedom of the street Warden recovered himself. He was now an all-absorbing passion — rendered more intense by reason of his self-contained nature—could deprive him of the habit of years. In the Colonial Office at the moment was a letter from the Governor of Southern Nigeria, commending him in the highest terms for his cool judgment, resourcefulness and decision. He hurried to Charing Cross and despatched three telegrams, one to Evelyn, begging her to communicate with him instantly, a second to his friend in Ostend, thanking him for his kindly offices, and requesting that the money should be paid into a named bank; and the third to the Harbor Master at Dover, asking him to inform Peter Evans, of the pilot-cutter Nancy, that he must travel to London by the earliest train after arriving from Ostend.

Then he went to the Savoy.

Rosamund's telegram had been handed in at Lochmerig the previous night. It occurred to Warden that she must have written it about the time his message to Evelyn was delivered. If so, and it was true that the Baumgartner household had already started on board the Red Soucl, there was an obvious question to be answered.

As he anticipated, Mrs. Laing was in the hotel. In fact, she was about to dine in her own room when Warden's card was brought to her. She hastened to meet him, all smiles and blushes.

"How awfully good of you to come so soon!" she cried. "And at just the right hour! I hate eating alone, but I dislike still more being at a table by myself in a big hotel. You can't have dined. Let us go to the cafe, and then it doesn't matter about one's toilette."

I don't wish to disturb your arrangements—" he began, but she was not to be forced into a serious discussion at once.

"Who said anything about disturbance?" she rattled on. "You could not have met my wishes better if you had guessed them. Now, don't look so glum. It is not my fault that your pretty governess was ready to flirt with other men, is it? Come and eat, and I shall tell you all about it."

He fell in with her mood. A woman will dare anything when she loves or hates, and he credited Rosamund with excess in both directions. Yet it would be strange, he thought, were she playing some deep game not immediately discernible, if he did not unravel the tangled skein of her deceit.

"I got your letter, of course," he said, when they were seated.

"Ah, then I guessed correctly. That is why you are inconsolable," she said looking at him frankly.

"It may be. At present I am chiefly curious. How did you obtain my London address?"

"Didn't you telegraph it?"

"To Miss Dane—yes."

"You dear old thing, what would you have done if a telegram were brought to a remote place in the Highlands by a lady whose name you knew not, goodness knows where in a yacht?"

"Surely it might have been forwarded to her?"

"Yes, if I, or I, or any other reasonable being, were the addressee. But the Baumgartners gave instructions that everything was to be sent to their London house which is closed except for a caretaker. Mrs. Baumgartner herself told me they did not expect to be in town under a month, or six weeks."

"Have they vanished into thin air?"

"Something of the kind. They spoke vaguely of a cruise round the Shetlands, but I am sure that was meant as a blind. They wouldn't take Figuero and Von Rippenbenk as their sailing companions for the mere fun of the thing, would they?"

"Did they offer no excuse to their guests?"

"Oh, yes. Billy Thring—sorry, but I must mention him again and soon—there's death was the ostensible reason. I don't believe a word of it. I. D. B. is not the man to break up a pleasant house party for the sake of its members has suffered a bereavement. There is something else going on. I am honestly feminine enough to want to find out what it is. I'd simply dying of curiosity yesterday, when I saw Figuero and the dainty Evelyn in the garden, discussing things with bated breath."

Warden growled. He could keep a tight rein on his emotions, but this was trying at the start.

"Would you mind telling me how a man who is dining with a lady can best express polite incredulity at her statements?" he asked.

"Very neat," she retorted, "but in this instance you are the water-end of the duck. If you think I am deliberately telling you untruths, why not choose some less exciting topic? How did you like Ostend? I adore it. The people amuse me, and they are so naively shocking, or shocked, as the case may be. But you see that fat Frenchman who struts about in a ridiculously tight and glaring bathing suit?"

"Of course you want to talk about Lochmerig," he said quietly. "Now, Mrs. Laing, it will be wiser to speak in plain language. Evelyn Dane is my promised wife. If possible, I would marry her to-morrow. That is no figure of speech. The arrangements are now, and the law permitted, I would marry her within the hour. You know me—and somewhat you guessed that night at Cowes. She is either very wicked or very thoughtless, Arthur. If you are engaged in some secret business for the Government, and she were really true to you, would she ever have spoken of it to fully—to Lord Fairholme?"

With that he poured out a glass of wine and drank it. He felt that if he spoke at once his voice might betray the agony of his soul. Then, only then, might she see Evelyn for five precious minutes! Better go to Africa with his dear ideal shattered than carry with him the lingering torture of doubt.

"I think you were right when you switched your talk off to Ostend," he muttered at last. "May I give you a word of advice? Forget what you have just said. It is a dangerous problem—one best to be settled by women's tongues."

So they left it at that, and when they parted, not without a mutual understanding that they would meet again at the earliest opportunity—for Warden was obliged to be ambiguous lest that reference in the wireless should be overheard—he felt sure that she had gained some ground in a pitiless struggle. Warden was desperately unhappy, but was, her second success, and the first real move when the Sans Sanci carried Evelyn off the field.

Early next morning Warden went to a shipping office, and the people there advised him to sent a reply-paid telegram to the coastguard station nearest Lochmerig. He soon received an answer: "The San Souci sailed Wednesday, 3 p.m. Destination believed Shetlands, but headed southeast by east."

He passed many hours in writing a full statement of everything that had taken place—including copies of Rosamund's letter and telegram, and a literal record of their conversation in the hotel—and enclosed the ring and the manuscript in a stout linen envelope. When Peter Evans came to him in the evening, he gave to him the package and fifty pounds, with explicit details as to its safeguarding and the means which governed his present decision.

"You are to find Miss Dane, no matter what the cost," he said. "You may hear of her at home in Oxfordshire, or at this address, where you have my permission to open any letters that arrive during my absence. If you run short of money, or are compelled to take an expensive journey, apply to my bankers. I shall leave full instructions that your requirements are to be met when you explain them. The one thing I want you to do is deliver this letter into Miss Dane's own hands."

Peter, somewhat awe-stricken by Warden's gravity, yet proud of the trust placed in him, promised obedience.

"Never fear, sir," he said. "If the Sans Souci is afloat or on the seven seas I'll get her bearin's one way or another. Sink me! if I don't find that gal afore a month, I'll unship my prop, and the Nancy, an' go to the wokkus."

In disposing of his belongings, Warden found the sound and parchment among some heavy clothing which was useless in Africa. He told the hall porter exactly which portmanteau was to be sent after him, but, on arriving at Paddington Station at 4.30 a.m. on a cold morning, he found the bag containing the sound and parchment piled with the rest of his goods on the platform.

He eyed it resentfully, but yielded.

"So you mean to stick to it!" he growled. "You mesmerized that sleepy scoundrel into carrying you downstairs and putting you on the roof of my cab. Very well. Let us see the adventure through in company."

He was chatting with the skipper of the Water Witch one day while the ship of the position was being pricked off on the chart.

"You are keeping close in to the Spanish coast, captain," said the passenger.

"Not particularly, Mr. Williams," was the reply.

"But I have always been under the impression that vessels bound for the Cape of Coast headed for the Canaries?"

"So they do, if they're logged for a straight run. It happens that time, however, that my oil tub has to call in at Rabat and Mogador."

"At Rabat!" repeated Mr. Williams, apparently startled at the mere mention of the place.

"Yes, funny little hole. Ever bin there?"

"No."

"Well, p'raps you'll go ashore. If you do, you'll see the queerest collection of humans you've ever set eyes on."

"I think I'm bewitched," he muttered.

"Wot's that?"

"Odd thing. I've been dreaming of Rabat!"

The captain grinned.

"When you've seen it you'll fancy it's a nightmare," he said.

CHAPTER XV

Hassan's Tower—and the Colonial Office.

Warden did not find Rabat so intolerable. The captain of the Water Witch led him to believe. Its streets were more regular and cleaner, or less dirty, than those of the average Moorish city. Its commerce seemed to be devoted to commerce — probably because they are not pure-blooded Moors, but of Jewish descent. That, at least, is the argument advanced by a man from Fez or Tafilat when he wants a heavier dowry with a Rabati bride.

From the roadstead, once the troublesome bar was crossed, the town looked attractive. Its white houses were interlarded in pretty gardens. Orchards, vineyards and olive groves brightened the landscape. To the north, on the opposite bank of a swift river, cultivated slopes stretched their green and gold to the fat-off Zemmur mountains. A picturesque citadel, built by a renegade Englishman in the bad old days, commanded the harbor, and a spacious landing-place showed that the Rabatis have no difficulty in finding an export of their Morocco leather, carpets, Moorish slippers and pottery.

The Water Witch entered the river soon after dawn, and Warden was assured that she would not be able to clear her shipments until next forenoon at the earliest. He went ashore, and was agreeably surprised at finding quite a large number of British and other European merchants' offices near the quay, with the shields of several vice-consuls and consular agents bespoke some semblance of order and decor.

In a word, Rabat looked settled and prosperous. It was utterly out of keeping with the picture conjured up by the tattoo marks made by Domenico Garcia on the skin of Tommaso Rodriguez. Still, the Hassan Tower was no myth. It was pointed out to him by an Englishman in the middle of the wharf, to watch the landing of the ship's boat.

Passing only to buy a strong chisel in a hardware shop, Warden strolled at once in the direction of the tomb. He would neither delay nor hasten. The ruby, or gift much time to it, if he failed to identify the exact spot described in the parchment, or was unable to discover anything after a speedy examination assuredly he would not spend several hours in tearing ancient masonry to pieces. Since leaving England, Warden had become a different man. Always a good-humored cynic, he was now perilously near the line between that condition of cynicism without good humor. Intellect began to govern impulse. Though his brain was wearied with endeavor to find a reasonable explanation of events, he was almost convinced that Evelyn must at least have committed the indiscretion of gossiping about her engagement in a moment of blight. If only she had written! His heart kept harping on that! Why had she kept away with her enemies without even a sign that her thoughts were with the man she loved?

He wondered if Peter Evans had found her. If so, there would be news at Cape Coast Castle, for he had given his bankers explicit directions, and a member of the firm was a personal friend who would attend to cablegrams and letters.

The Hassan Tower stood on a height not far beyond the outermost city wall, Rabat being dignified with two lines of fortifications, built by Christian slaves centuries ago. Indeed, when Warden climbed the hill of which it formed the pinnacle, he realized that it was a landmark shown on a chart he had examined the previous evening. Square and strong, built to defy destruction, and rearing its one hundred and fifty feet of exquisitely fretted stonework from a tangled undergrowth of cultured vegetation, it seemed, in some proud and curiously subtle way, to promise the fulfilment of Domenico Garcia's bequest.

Great marble columns, many erect, but the majority overthrown, indicated the quadrangle of what was meant to be a gigantic mosque. Warden passed quickly through these and other ruins; he caught a hint of an aqueduct, looked into a deep excavation evidently designed as a cistern, and then, with somewhat more rapid pulse-beat, and a certain sense of resolvement dominating his mind made straight for the causeway that led to the door three cubits from the ground."

To his chagrin, though the inclined plane itself might be ridden by a man on horseback, the arched door was solidly built up!

Here was an unforeseen check. It was one thing to be conscious of a cooling of enthusiasm, and quite another to discover Evelyn's fair hand with a "gem of great price," but it was one thing to have bullion

Winter Holidays in Northern Forests

Centre—Typical scene on the Blanc Bec Trails, new tourists' journeys through the north woods. Left, upper—Guide setting rabbit snares on the trap line; lower—The Blanc Becs mush across a frozen lake. Right, upper—Open water tempts the tourist to try fishing; lower—typical outfitters' cabin where the tourists are housed during their journey.—Canadian National Railways photographs.

Canadians and their winter visitors, desirous of getting out into the north woods during the season of ice and snow, have a splendid opportunity for enjoyment in the Blanc Bec Trails, tourist journeys over the trap lines and through the big game haunts of Northern Ontario and Quebec, recently inaugurated by the Canadian National Railways. The tourists are taken, by dog team and snowshoes, over the trap lines by experienced guides and woodsmen. Comfortable cabins are available on the shore of lake and river, and the tourist is assured of comfortable quarters each night and of journeys which are laid out to fit in with the capabilities of the inexperienced woodsman.

Canada's forests in winter time are a never-ending joy to the photographer, the artist and the nature lover. On the Blanc Bec Trails the tourist is taken through the haunts of the lordly moose and other big game, by men to whom the signs of the forest life are as an open book. There is fishing through the ice, a dog sled to ride in when one becomes tired and the never-ending joy of exercise in the balsam-laden ozone to improve one's health and appetite.

The holiday may be for one week or for a month, and the territory chosen may be anywhere from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to the shores of Hudson Bay. For outfitters all across Northern Canada have signified their desire to take winter tourists out into the woods. The Blanc Bec Trails have been organized in response to a demand for facilities for winter holiday outings of this kind which have been received in great numbers by the Canadian National Railways.

Japan's New Emperor

Since the war the personality of a reigning monarch is of much less importance than the personality of a Prime Minister or a Foreign Secretary. But this generalization does not apply to Japan, and that is why the character of the new Emperor Hirohito is a matter of the first importance to the world generally. In a sense he is Japan. While Japan is ruled by an oligarchy in reality, and its awe for its emperor remains unchanged. Its regard for its royal family is part of its religion. This regard is illustrated by a little story Anne Hard tells in the New York Herald Tribune Magazine. An American, on the day before a hotel window in Tokio, was amazed to see hundreds of men in the street below with their little brooms, sweeping like mad into pretty outline a piece of more beautiful for the young Prince Hirohito who was expected to pass that way. Actually, the Japanese does not regard him as a god but in his people wish to endow him with supernatural attributes it is not likely he has had Western education and he has evinced a desire to travel. In one important respect he is different from any of his predecessors. He has had Western education and he has evinced a desire to travel. For the first of his long line ever to leave his kingdom. He also dresses in the European fashion and plays European games, such as golf and tennis. All likes the old Japanese sports of fishing, swimming and wrestling. He is fond of horseback riding, baseball games. In tennis he takes regular instruction from Jimmy Ball, the noted Japanese player, who was loaned for that his pupil was the record, and remember that he was merely a youth who desired to learn to play a game. Of course, it would be no flattery to say that Hirohito gave Kumagae some of his most anxious moments on the tennis court. It is difficult if not impossible for an outsider to get any clear idea of the character of a Japanese emperor in Japan. He is not on exhibition. He is not to be visited. He does not make speeches which are quoted. He is a more mysterious presence. But Hirohito, who took his world tour, came into the open, as it were, and many people had an opportunity of observing him.

His wife broadened him but his education beforehand had broadened him. It is related that one night he was on the deck of the Japanese warship "Katori" watching motion pictures. The crew of the ship had crowded on the deck to see the show and had been crowded back by the men who might not approach too near the royal presence. But the prince gave orders that they should be allowed to the deck of the warship and his royal brothers and the gentlemen in his suite to bend down so that the view of the sailors might not be obstructed. One day a dog on the ship gave birth to nine puppies and it was decided that three were as many as should be permitted to live. The others were about to be cast overboard when Hirohito heard of it. He stayed the execution and used his influence himself by feeding the puppies and playing with them. Later on they were sent to the Imperial palace where they are said to be flourishing to-day, even unto the second and third generation. On his twentieth birthday he gave special orders that the soldiers in the Russian war should share in the honors and special festivities were thereupon provided for them.

At Gibraltar the governor invited the prince to a race meeting and an American naval officer arranged a sweepstake for the benefit of the visiting Japanese. The horse won, and the American quite naturally handed the money to his royal highness. But no Japanese emperor in history had ever been known to touch money, and besides Japanese royalty is not fond of gambling. The Japanese in the royal suite were in consternation. But Hirohito received the money and, subsequently, handed it to his admiral that it might properly be dealt with. This people have a new and curious emotion for this action, solemn looking young man. Until 1924 when the imperial ruler passed along a street the crowds immediately fell upon their faces, not daring to lift their eyes to the royal countenance. But when Hirohito appeares they stand up in his presence and cheer. The new emperor has not objected. Probably he feels that so long as his subjects can cry "Banzai!" with such heartiness his throne is secure.

Emperor Hirohito is not very much like the Prince of Wales. Though he is several years younger he appears to belong to an older generation. We doubt that he has the prince's gift of getting fun out of things, and no doubt he has been so rigidly trained that he does not understand what it is to get bored. He went through his appalling official program without the slightest sign of impatience. It is related that when he went to visit the Duke of Athol in Scotland he heard the Japanese national anthem played on the bagpipes and expressed his gratification with it. Making a speech in the London Guildhall he showed his royal composure to good advantage. He began reading from a large roll of paper. It became unwieldy and he lost his place. There was a dead silence as the young prince submitted in a gentlemanly manner with the roll. His hearers were wanting to shout or scream to relieve the tension, but he was calmness personified. When he got the paper straightened out he proceeded where he had left off. Why should he permit himself to get nervous because a crowd of people, most of whom could not trace their ancestry for even a thousand years, were waiting? He probably considered that most of them were lucky to be within sound of his voice.

MIXED-UP HINDU BOY.

Organs In Chest and Abdominal Cavity Are Completely Transposed.

A Hindu lad of 13 years of age, who was in a critical condition when he came to the Osmania General Hospital at Hyderabad, India, has the doctors all guessing.

He was suffering from a complaint of the knee joint, and when they got their stethoscopes and other instruments busy over the case they could believe their ears. Outwardly there seemed to be nothing out of the common with this lad but, making the usual routine medical examination at the hospital, the surgeon was surprised to find all absence of heart beats at the part where the heart is usually located.

An X-ray examination of the whole body in the upright position and after what is known as the Bierndfl Meal in the newly-equipped X-ray laboratory, with its magnificent plant, revealed the startling fact that all the organs in the chest and abdominal cavity were completely transposed.

The liver occupied the left side, the heart was located on the right side, the spleen quite on the opposite side to the normal, and the stomach lay in an inverse direction to the usual.

Caecum, the fruitful area of appendicitis, was found to be on the left side of the abdomen, and the descending and ascending colons were quite opposite to their usual positions.

This boy enjoys life as much as other healthy human beings, and yet is an amazing proof of nature's power of adaptation. It is thought that the early influence of the larger left ventricle of the heart, which during the first few weeks of the embryonic life is chiefly responsible for this rare transposition of all the internal organs.

Eve's First Sewing Lesson.

How did Adam and Eve learn to sew? Some smooth leaves together?

Sir John Bland Sutton (quoted by the British Medical Journal) suggested in a lecture at Liverpool that they may have profited by watching the tailor bird spin its thread and sew the edges of adjacent leaves together to form the nest in the trees of the Garden of Eden.

Sir John was explaining that surgeons are still searching for the perfect stitching material for wounds, and said that plants, insects, and animals had been ransacked for the ideal material.

It was by no means improbable, he added, that tendon for thread and thorn for needle were the first sewing materials used by primitive man for closing wounds.

There was no material used by tailor or cobbler which could not be of service to surgeons for stitching wounds.

Why Is Seven a Lucky Number?

From the very earliest times certain numbers have been credited with mystic powers, three and seven, for instance, being thought "lucky," while thirteen was lie-homened. The precise reasons have never been definitely settled by scholars, but the "seven" superstition has always been thought to have been based on primitive man's very first knowledge of astronomy. For instance, there were seven days to each phase of the moon, and only seven planets at first known to the ancients.

It is probable that from this reason the number seven first acquired its connection or "luck." So we got the seven virtues, the seven-sleepers, and so on. Modern science, even after rejecting the old idea, is now coming to the point of view that our bodies renew themselves every seven years, and that after all the old "seven" belief may have a real foundation dating far into the past of the race.

Birds Who Kick.

Some birds strike with their beaks, others strike with their wings while still others use their sharp claws when they wish to be unpleasant. The cassowary does none of these things—he or she kicks.

These great birds of the East are greatly dreaded by the natives, for the latter has quite visible wings, which are used as balancers when the bird sprints over the sand, but you have to be above a crowd of people, most of whom could not trace their ancestry for even a thousand years, before anything like safety is reached. Of that most of them were lucky to be within sound of his voice.

Large Cities.

Greater London, England, is the largest city in the world with a population of 7,476,168. The second city in size is Greater New York, which, according to census of 1925, has a population of 6,103,384.

The largest city in Continental Europe is Berlin, capital of Germany which, according to the census of 1925, has a population of 4,000,000. Berlin is the third largest city in the world, and the fourth is Paris, the capital of France. The largest city in the East is Tokio, Japan. Before the recent earthquake it had a population of about 2,300,009.

Queer Way of Drinking Tea.

The Tibetans have a queer way of drinking tea. They take butter with it instead of milk, and flavor it with salt instead of sugar.

The tea is made by putting the leaves in a kettle, or, rather, earthenware iron, adding a pinch of soda to bring out the color, bringing the water to the boil, pouring off into churn where the butter and salt is added, and mixing it all up. Then it is reasy for the teapot.

The Welland Canal.

The Welland Canal, in Ontario, overcoming Niagara Falls, has a length of 26¾ miles.

Pearls From Herring Scales.

Artificial pearls that fetch as much as $250 each are being manufactured in England from herring scales. They possess real beauty, and only experts are able to detect them from real gems.

Population of South America.

On latest estimate the population of South America is placed at 65,000,000, the number being about equally divided between Indians and whites.

CREATING A NEW BREED

HYBRIDS OF BUFFALO AND DOMESTIC COWS.

These Animals Are Splendid Grazers and Are Able to Forage for Themselves—Thrive on Poor Pastures —No Infectious Diseases.

Few Canadians know that they are part owners of some of the strangest animals in the world; in fact, the only ones of their kind which exist, says the Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star.

The animals in question are those which have been produced in the buffalo-cross breeding experiments at Wainwright, Alberta, where, as most Canadians know, the Dominion Government owns the largest herd of wild buffalo in the world.

The great park in which these animals are kept is visited yearly by thousands of people, interested in seeing the remnants of the once great herds of bison which roamed the western prairies. It is one hundred square miles in extent, and is located about three miles from the railway station at Wainwright, which is a divisional point on the Canadian National Railways, between Saskatoon and Edmonton.

The story of the buffalo herd, from its inception with the purchase of 716 animals from a Mexican half-breed named Michael Pablo, to its growth to over 4,000 animals, is one worthy of attention by all who are interested in Canada. So great did the Wainwright herd become that plans for the disposal of the annual increase became necessary some years ago, and the process of slaughtering some 1,000 of the animals is now under way.

The chief interest in the herd, however, is the cross-breeding experiments with the animals. This is one attempt to produce an animal which will be hardy enough to withstand the storms of the northern hinterland and yet have the beef-producing proclivities of the domestic beef animal.

To the late Mossam Boyd, of Bobcaygeon, Ontario, must go the credit for the first real attempt in Canada to hybridize the buffalo and domestic cattle, for as far back as 1894 he began experiments with a pure-bred buffalo bull. Experiments had been made during the past hundred years, but it remained for him to make the first real attempt in Canada.

Up to the time of his death, in 1919, he continued his experiments of cross-breeding with various types of domestic cattle, and during the 21 years he managed to raise a herd of twenty hybrids. Upon his death the herd was exposed for sale and was purchased by the Dominion Government through the Experimental Farms Branch, the animals first being shipped to the Experimental Farm at Scott, Sask., where they were wintered, and then on to Buffalo National Park at Wainwright, where they were placed in a special enclosure for their first experiments.

In Mr. Boyd's plans of hybridization, the domestic cow was the female crossed with pure-bred buffalo sires. The product from this cross was termed the hybrid buffalo. The second experiment consisted of crossing the hybrids thus produced with pure-bred animals of both buffalo and domestic types. A third experiment followed; that of breeding between the hybrids, both sexes of mixed blood. The product of the second experiment, in which one parent was pure-bred and the other hybrid is generally known as three-eighth, or eighth buffalo as the case may be. The product of the third cross, in which both parents are of mixed blood, is the "cattalo," the name being derived from that of both parents.

The advantages of hybrid buffalo and cattle, as set forth by the Director of Experimental Farms are as follows:

The hide, which is very similar to that of the buffalo in quality and pliability, thickness of hair and general warmth, might in itself be an excellent reason for investigation. The fibre and feel of the hair is of mixed length and thickness of hair, excellent curl and lustre, providing not only splendid protection for the animal against the cold winds which sweep the north, but also offering a robe of great durability and very rich color. These animals, like the buffalo, are also particularly rugged. They face storms and do not drift with the storm as do domestic animals. They are never cast on hillsides, as pure cattle often are and are not susceptible to disease. In fact, the herd owned by the Dominion Government had had no infectious disease of any description.

These animals are splendid grazers, and like the buffalo, are able to forage and thrive on comparatively poor pastures. During the winter they graze through the snow. In the years in which they have been in the possession of the Government they have built up their own shelter, and the only feed given them has been hay from stacks during the most severe weather and when the snow was deepest.

These animals, like the buffalo, carry a lining of wool, of fine texture, along the back than do domestic cattle. It is true that the thighs are often rather light and that either in quality or in amount of meat quantity the meat does not compare with the choicest domestic beef.

As to the improvement in the meat by crossing the domestic beef-producer with the bison, there is something to be said. The bison carries a heavier proportion of boneless beef on the back, which is the most valuable part of a beef carcass; and the inheritance of this quality is noticeable in all cattle having in them the blood of bison.

The English Language.

English is spoken by 150,000,000 people; German by 100,000,000; Russian, 100,000,000; French, 70,000,000; Spanish, 50,000,000; Italian, 37,000,000; Portuguese, 25,000,000.

Watch that Goes Forever.

A watch which, it is claimed, will go for ever without rewinding has been made by Calixto Orbero, a young watchmaker, of Lerida (Catalonia).

The watch shows the seconds, minutes, hours, days, weeks, months, and years. It gives the hour by night or day, the day of the week, the day of the month, leap years, the signs of the zodiac, the number of weeks remaining in the year, the time of sunrise and sunset, the phases of the moon, and a number of other things.

There are more than 800 parts in the watch, which was made in 1,100 hours of spare-time work.

THE COPING STONE

(Copyright, 1926, Western Newspaper Union.)

By ALVAH J. GARTH

"You are recommended to me as a man who knows how to do things," wrote Richard Shane to Wilton Meserve, and the latter was reading over the promising and encouraging letter on the train as he neared Newton, whence it had been written.

The missive went on to say that a leading metropolitan real estate firm had highly commended Meserve for his energy and success in building up a subdivision which had languished for years. "I have something in the same line," wrote this Richard Shane, "but I anticipate slow work, for my property is in a dead town and I do not expect wonders. I want your advice and then your co-operation, if you see any future for the proposition."

The promotional faculty had been the strong hold of Wilton Meserve for several years. He was well appearing, alert, keen and earnest. He had been the organizer of several small banks, he had been the principal in raising funds for several educational institutions. There was more of business and rapidity in his ventures than speculation, and he had always met with success. Arrived at Newton, he stood on the depot platform taking in the prospect and the city of a name and passed no detail and thoroughly understood his business.

"County seat, good roads, environment, picturesque and attractive," he soliloquized. "Not dead by any means, but asleep. And I can wake it. There are possibilities, but I shall have to have lots of co-operation. Now to gather up all I can about the place, an hour or two of study and calculation and then to interview this Mr. Richard Shane."

The residence of the latter Meserve found to be the show place of the town as to ornate structure and well kept grounds. The owner, a man of fifty, prosperous looking and pleasant of face and manner, took to his brisk optimistic young visitor at once. Details of the situation were soon in the possession of Meserve. Shane owned at least half of the town, the mineral springs at its edge, water rights along the river, choice residence and business property, and was a power in the county.

"I have partly developed my plans to boom, to boost the town, as you may say," observed Mr. Shane, "the president and council, both promised full co-operation. What seems to be an efficient supervisory man to direct and bring results. You shall have your own price for taking a month—two of them, if you like—to formulate your plans."

There was a lengthy period of suggestion and a discussion opening up a preliminary program. Several times during the conversation Meserve had glanced with more than ordinary interest and admiration at a framed portrait of a beautiful young girl hanging on the wall just back of the desk at which Mr. Shane sat. The latter noticed this and said:

"That is my daughter, Miss Shane. Partly for her sake I am braying myself to make the town which she loves worthy of her. Since her mother died Althea has been my chief solace, and her judgment is my daughter. She will complete her education this fall."

Before a month had elapsed Meserve and Mr. Shane were immersed heart and soul in their work. The latter offered free ground to any factory that might locate in the town and the town donated a liberal bonus for the construction work. On the central automobile road electrical signs were set reading: "Welcome—Drive Conservatively" facing incoming automobiles and "Thanks—Come Again" as they departed. More signs, indicating popular fishing spots, were placed along the river, others referred to the famous mineral springs belonging to Mr. Shane, and on the sign-boards at night, invited the passing visitor to "Grow With Us," and wherever Mr. Shane owned a plat of ground a neat placard read: "Fine picnic ground." The newspapers cast on Hillsides, and the never-ending flow of

DAVY & ALLISON

Plumbing, Furnace Work, Tinsmiths.

Hardware, Paints and Oils. Stoves, and Furnaces.

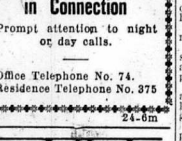
DAVY & ALLISON,
Next to Oaton's.

WINTER FEED
For Your Chickens
BEEF MEAT MEAL
(60% Protein)
$4.50 PER CWT.
—Oyster Shell.
—Grit.
—Poultry Rings.
—Poultry Spices.

GEO. E. WINTER,
Seed Store
Dundas St. Phone 78.

No Change in the Price
Hair Cut
35c.
FRED S. SCOTT
BARBER and TOBACCONIST
John St.
(One door south of Express Office.)

F. C. MARTIN & SON
FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS
Ambulance Service in Connection
Prompt attention to night or day calls.
Office Telephone No. 74.
Residence Telephone No. 375
24-6m


CORNS
end the pain quickly, *safely*
In one minute you can end the pain of corns with Dr. Scholl's Zino-pads. They end the misery of corns by eliminating the causes, friction-pressure. No danger of infection from cutting or corrosive acids.
Zino-pads are thin; antiseptic, waterproof. They protect while they heal. Used for corns, callouses and bunions. Call today and get a box of this new, magic corn treatment.
Dr Scholl's Zino-pads
Put one on—the pain is gone!
Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Shop in Toronto

The Haines Shoe Houses

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.
The Great English Preparation.
Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Used for *Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $2 per box, 3 for $5. Sold by all druggists, or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.
23-1-y

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

'Phone 92 for clean coal—VanLuven. We make it hot for you.

Mr. Wm. Kerr, who lives just west of Forest Mills, passed away at his home on Tuesday morning.

Special meeting of the Napanee Poultry Association will be held on Wednesday, Feb. 9th.

The annual banquet of the men of St. Mary Magdalene's Church, will be held this evening in the Paisley House.

A new Electric Washing Machine will be placed on sale in about one week. This will be the most up-to-date machine ever offered at any price. Sample will be shown at BOYLE & SON on arrival. 11-a

W. B. Nolan has taken over the cheese factory supply business of the late Geo. A. Thompson, and will occupy the office on the Market square. Mr. Nolan will be pleased to meet all old customers as well as new ones. 10-c-p

The Bishop of Ontario, Right Rev. Dr. Seager, will make his first official visit to St. Mary Magdalene's Church on Sunday, Feb. 20th, and will hold a Confirmation service in the evening. He will preach at the morning service also.

The many friends of Mr. R. J. Melville Smith, who was engineer when the Provincial Highway was located through this district, again congratulate him upon his promotion from Chief Engineer of the Department of Highways, to Deputy Minister of Highways.

Two basketball games in the Bay of Quinte League were staged at the gym of the collegiate institute on Friday evening, when the team from Trenton High School were defeated in both games by the collegiate teams, the scores being 24-23 and 46-23. At the conclusion of the games the visitors were entertained.

Albert Mowers, a well-known resident of Napanee, passed away very suddenly on Thursday last. He was down to the market purchasing wood and on his return home complained of feeling unwell and expired in a few minutes. Mr. Mowers had been a resident of Napanee for a number of years and was a dealer in second hand goods.

Tere is a movement on foot for the formation of a company to build a new down town skating rink. A piece of land very conveniently situated in the business part of the town and of sufficient size to build a large rink, can be secured at a reasonable price and already a number of citizens have expressed their willingness to take stock in the new venture.

—o—

ADOLPHUSTOWN.

The frequent changes in temperature confuse people's plans. Since the snow is gone, the wheeling is very good, but there is enough ice left on the road to keep the sleighs going.

The concert given here by the Hayburn young people on Friday evening last was not as largely attended as expected, owing to the stormy weather. However, a nice sum was realized and a jolly evening enjoyed by all present.

Despite the howling wind on Sunday evening last, a song service was conducted at the home of Mr. Humphries, under the auspices of the Y.P.S.

Miss Mildred Killey was a recent guest of Miss Ruth Mallory.

Mr. J. B. Allison, who fell and fractured his knee some days ago, is recovering.

—o—

CAMDEN EAST.

Candelmas Day was bright and old brum could see his shadow if he ventured out.

Marshall Hinch is enjoying a new radio in his home.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Allore and two sons have moved from Tweed and are settled in their new home purchased from Mr. S. Brian.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Hinch and little son, of Kingston, spent last week-end at Mr. J. Burgoyne's.

Roy Sampson has joined the police force at Kingston. His many friends wish him every success.

Roy was a native of Camden, having lived in this village in the earlier part of his life. He also served overseas.

A reception service was held in the United Church on Sunday last. Four new members were received into the church and one certificate member.

Miss Lillian Aikenbrack has gone to Ottawa, where she has entered the civic hospital as a nurse-in-training. She was accompanied by her mother, also Mrs. Joseph Lewis, who are spending several days there.

—o—

The Miser's Tomb.

The Lady Chapel of Southwark Cathedral, which is to be restored, contains one of London's most extraordinary tombs. The monument is the figure of a man, emaciated as to appear almost a skeleton. It is supposed to be that of a miser who starved himself and his servants. To test his domestic staff he pretended one morning to be dead. As soon as the news spread below stairs it was duly celebrated by raids on the pantry and the cellar. Presently the "dead" man could stand no longer the sounds of merriment that floated up to his room, so he crept down to catch the culprits. But he no sooner opened the kitchen door than one of the servants saw him, cracked him over the head with the first thing that came to hand, and thus converted the pretended corpse into a real one.

Hungary's First King.

Hungary, not yet formerly a republic, recently celebrated the 928th anniversary of the coronation of her first ruler, King Stephen. A procession of a hundred thousand people, watched by twice as many more, was headed by the Regent, as the head of the state is still called and by some of the Hapsburg archdukes who would like to be Stephen's successors.

Before these notables was borne the embalmed hand of King Stephen, who spent his life converting his people to Christianity by the strange argument of the sword.

Canada's Forest Area.

The total forest area of Canada is estimated as 1,200,000 square miles —92 per cent. is owned by the people and only 8 per cent. is privately owned.

PERSONALS

(All our readers are cordially invited to hand in, or send in, any news they may have for this column).

Mr. J. L. Boyes was in Toronto a few days last week.

Miss Richards, Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. J. G. Daly.

Mr. T. B. Wallace was in Toronto a few days last week.

Mr. W. H. Hunter spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Mrs. Hyland, Chicago, was in Toronto a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Gibbard were in Toronto a few days last week.

Miss Minnie Smith, St. Thomas is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. L. Boyes.

Miss Eleanor Ham, Conway, is the guest of Mrs. Chas. Burpee, Cleveland.

Mr. Edward Ming, M.L.A., is attending the session of the Legislature in Toronto.

Mr. Bogert Wilson, Oba, Ont., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Wilson.

Miss Mabel Toner is visiting her sister in Detroit on her way to visit relatives in Berkley, Cal.

Mr. Donald Huyck is taking a course in canning at the Simcoe School of the Dominion Canners.

Mr. and Mrs. John Miller, Darlingford, Man., have purchased the residence of Mr. Will Ungar, West street.

Miss Loretta Killorin, who has been on the staff of the Royal Bank, has accepted a position in Rochester, N.Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler French are entertaining the members of The Helping Hand Bible Class at their home in Richmond (tonight) Tuesday.

BIRTHS

Hall—At Napanee, on Monday, Feb. 7th, 1927, to Dr. and Mrs. Duane R. Hall, a daughter.

—o—

MARRIAGES

Assistaine—Sharp—At the Bay Parsonage, Napanee, in the presence of the bridegroom's parents, on Saturday, Feb. 5th, 1927, Arthur Elmer Assistaine, of Frankford, Ont., was united in marriage to Jessie Beatrice Sharpe, of Wooler, Ont., Rev. R. J. Merriam officiating.

—o—

DEATHS

Aylesworth—At Bath, on Wednesday, Feb. 2nd, 1927, James Aylesworth, aged 74 years, 3 months.

Kerr—At Richmond, on Tuesday, Feb. 8th, 1927, William Kerr aged 68 years, 8 months.

Mowers—At Napanee, on Friday, Feb. 4th, 1927, Albert Z. Mowers, aged 59 years, 8 months.

—o—

DO MANLY SPORTS SPOIL WOMEN

Actor Doesn't Like Women to Take Part In Masculine Sports.

I am appalled by the present "prowess" of women in some sports. Their participation in masculine matters is to me positively repulsive, writes Robert Hale, the actor, in a London newspaper. I shall be called old-fashioned and probably loose an avalanche of epithets, but there must be many with me. My "old-fashioned" ideas are really just a sincere desire to see women what they should be—perhaps the most beautiful creation. To-day they are in dire danger of losing their precious gifts.

This alleged "sportiness" has grown terribly.

I remember as a boy seeing the "world's champion lady boxer." A repulsive sight that was, but more or less a narvicty exhibit. One little thought then that later public boxing by women would have to be officially banned in London. How can that be called progress? To see Dempsey I would walk many a mile, but the thought of women boxing is repulsive to me.

Women's participation in all masculine sports should be banned by law.

You see girls running with sinewy legs, ugly knees and tense, drawn faces. You cannot run without inheriting these legacies. Men have them, but they never did boast beautiful legs. Besides, even running can pull a man to pieces. Women haven't comparable lung room or general physique. I'm glad they haven't.

Girls go cross-country running, plunging in shorts through water in wintry weather. There's nothing womanly or admirable in that.

So with the popular pillion riding. I saw two girls on one pillion recently. To my mind it isn't even seemly, let alone sporty.

It will not be long, at the present rate of progress, before the ugly, muscular mother says, as she does her shorts, "George, when you've tidied the house, you might bring the children down; I'll pole-jumping and putting the weight this afternoon."

That may sound ludicrous, but let me remind you of parents to-day who profess to be proud of their daughters' horse-racing, or glad when, begreased and goggled, women are dragged from the Channel.

Never would I wish women to be house-tied and physically unfit. They have hosts of recreations, tennis, golf, swimming, walking — anything so long as it is seemly and worthy of womanhood.

Why these mad women must emulate men I cannot conceive. One can only assume that they are chiefly those who normally command no attention and who seek notoriety at all costs.

I often like to fancy some of the great portrait painters of the past living again. They would declare the modern so-called "sports girl" unworthy of the poorest pigment. I think they would be right.

A Greater Dublin.

A Greater Dublin, which will include many contiguous urbanised areas, is foreshadowed in the report of a commission which was appointed to investigate the question. Included in the plan are: Rathmines, Pembroke, Blackrock, Dalkey, Kingstown, Killiney, and away into the hinterland as far as Dundrum; on the South, while on the North side the included areas go as far as Malahide, bounded by the G. N. Railway, so as to include Raheny, Howth, Sutton, Baldoyle and Portmarnock.

February is a Short Month

We have created "Spotlight" Values to bring an Increased Volume of Business

Keep in mind---These Specials are obtainable only on the days advertised.

We are making the prices exceptionally low.

See our Window Display of "Spotlight" values.

Below we tell you about the values procurable this week.

Merchandise featured is regular lines and guaranteed trustworthy.

For Wednesday, Feb. 9th
7 only—Bordered Dress Lengths

Regular $14.50 and $17.50 patterns, Sale Price $5.00 each. These rich Flat Crepe and Georgette qualities come 2 and 2¼ yards to each pattern. Color combinations are very handsome. In some lengths there is sufficient material for long sleeves.

For Thursday, Feb. 10th
Men's Lined Work Gloves

With draw cord fastener on wrist. 2 dozen and 3 pairs on sale at 50c. pair. These are regular 95c. and $1.00 special values. Leather is softly lanned, while the fit is splendid and comfortable.

For Friday, Feb. 11
Bronze Statuary, $1·50 each

Representing various athletes. All are direct imports. Come in bronze and bronze shades. Very desirable ornaments for home or office. Regular price $1.50 each.

For Saturday, Feb. 12th
Reg. 95c. Smyrna Mats for 79c. each

These rugs are reversible; designs are exceptionally attractive. Colors are harmoniously blended. Rugs measure 20 x 39 inches in size.

To secure these rugs to sell at 95 cents each, we had to import them direct ourselves.

Our Spotlight price provides still better savings.

See window display.

For Monday, Feb. 14th
Flannel Dresses, Less One-third Off.
Reg. $5.95, $7.50, and $7.75 Lines

These dresses are in 16 Misses' size only. You'll find them cleverly styled and neatly finished.

Color range is splendidly varied.

If your a 16 Misses' or thereabouts, come in and get a bargain.

For Tuesday, Feb. 15th
Men's Scarfs, Men's Knit Wool Gloues, on sale at 59c. each

THE MUFFLERS are brushed wool, also Rayon Silk, worth regularly from $1.25 up to $2.00. Only 20 in the lot. Sale Price 59 cents each.

THE GLOVES come in plain greys, also in the new fancy weaves, and are our regular $1.00 and $1.25 lines. All are perfect goods and will give you splendid satisfaction.

For Wednesday, Feb. 16th
Silk Sport Hose reg $175 for $1.15
Cashmerette Hose, 3 prs. for $1.00

30 pairs only of Ladies ribb Silk Sport Hose, with wool top, heel and toe, in shades of Airedale, Pongee and Log Cabin. Sizes 8½ to 10.

Cashmerette Hose, in Black and Brown, medium weight, reinforced heel and toe. Sizes 8½ and 9.

Regular 50c. pair, Sale Price, 3 for $1.00.

Quality, Service Value.

THE ROBINSON CO.
LIMITED

We close at 10 p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.

Fashion is the Governor

It presides in matters dress, amusement, home adornments, holidaying and the wisest of men and women are puzzled to give the reasons for it.

Yet the fact is accepted "One might as well be out of the world as out of the fashion."

And it has to be—that this store must have close relations with the Fashion centres of the world—to keep you face to face with the latest of everything.

ROBINSON'S

Pullover Sweaters
Half Price

Rare values for the girl at school or in business. Both V and Turtle Necks are featured.

Come in all wool Jacquard designs, and in plain Silk and Wool Mixtures.

Reg. $7.00 for $3.50 Reg. $4.50 for $2.25.

"50" per cent. Reductions prevail on Women's and Misses' Winter Coats

It's an unbulging policy of ours in this department not to carry over one single coat if we can possibly avoid it.

During February we aim to clear out our surplus stocks of this season's Fur-trimmed Winter Coats.

To effectively and speedily do this, we have marked every garment half of its original price.

Several of our exclusive show-pieces are obtainable at this reduction.
Every coat is effectively and becomingly fur-trimmed.
Every coat is fashionably and artistically styled.
Every coat is made from newest fabrics, is becomingly lined and inter-lined.
Every coat represents outstanding value that cannot be replaced this season.
We invite your inspection.
Regular price from $18.95 to $59.50.
Reduced price from $9.48 to $29.75.

Women's House Dresses, 5 Styles
Special $1.95 each

Women shopping in February for immediate and future requirements will find this "special" exceptionally attractive.

To procure this "special" we have regrouped and repriced several of our regular stock lines, including several styles of "Redfern" brand dresses.

All makes, come well proportioned, in neat appearing styles, featuring different type neck-lines, different style sleeves, different ideas in trimmings.

Striped Broadcloths, Figured Charmeuse Cloths, Taffeta Cloths and plain colored woven Ginghams, are the dependable materials employed for the construction of these dresses. Sizes to 44.

On display in our Women's Ready-to-Wear department.

Outstanding Values in Colored Artificial Silk Bed Spreads

Delightfully new, these spreads add the required touch of color to your sleeping rooms. Our present assemblage is replete in a full range of plain shades and color combinations, hence any of the newer color schemes can be successfully worked out.

AT $7.50 EACH

Comes a very handsome quality, measuring 81 x 100 inches in size. This spread is large enough to cover the pillows and the sides of the bed. Obtainable in plain shades of Blue, Gold, Mauve and Rose—also in combinations of Gold and Maize, Maize and Rose, Maize and Blue and Maize and Mauve.

We invite your inspection of these.

AT $4.50 EACH

This range is meeting with very general approval for more ordinary wear. These come 81 x 105 inches in size. The sides and ends come neatly scalloped. This range is made from cotton krinkle. The ground is a natural shade and is ornamented in stripes of Blue, Mauve, Rose and Gold.

Likewise you will find on display a very attractive assortment of white Spreads, in the Krinkle and Madras weaves, both in single and double bed sizes.

Prices on these are also most interesting.

Cocoa Mats at Special Prices

We have just placed in stock two very desirable sizes in Cocoa Mats. These are 13 x 22, at 69 cents, and 14 x 24, at $1.00. They are both made from best grade Bengal Cocoa. Have a deep, closely woven pile. The edges are securely fastened. Guaranteed to give long service and come in natural color only. These are the only outdoor mats that clean and dry your shoes at the same time.

Spring will soon be with us and will bring the usual mud and rain. Keep the dirt outside your homes by using Cocoa Mats.

Young Men's Overcoats Sizes 34 to 38
Are Drastically Reduced in Price to Clear

All new up-to-date cloths made in up-to-date Models. The most of them are made from good Irish and English Overcoatings, in mixed Greys and Browns and plain Blues.

Out they must go to make room for new Spring Merchandise.

The prices are from twenty per cent. to fifty per cent. lower than our own low regular prices. Three months more this year to wear them. Get a new one instead of that old one, and look and feel better.

Our Young Men's and Men's $25 Navy Blue Serge Suits Are Real Winners

Made up in single breasted and double breasted styles. Styles that will please the most critical, and from cloths that are guaranteed Fast Indigo Dye—warranted not to fade.

This is going to be a Navy Blue Spring. The rage seems to be centered around plain Navy Blue and fancy patterns and stripes on Blue grounds. Later in the Spring and Summer the blue coat and vest will be worn with an extra pair of neat striped light colored flannel trousers.